# THE SOUTHERN COURIER OL. II, NO. 39 WEEKEND EDITION: SEPTEMBER 24-25, 1966

# Lawyer, Judge Fight It Out in Court



BY VIOLA BRADFORD

MONTGOMERY--After a federal court ordered Crenshaw County's white schools to admit 202 Negroes, State Representative Alton Turner said on television and in the newspapers that the court had put mentally incompetent and morally unfit students into the white schools, ,

Judge Frank M. Johnson Jr. ordered Turner, lawyer for the Crenshaw school board, to prove his accusations. The confrontation between Johnson and Turner took place last Monday.

Turner said that one of the transfer students was a patient in a mental hospital. He tried to prove the mental incompetence and moral unfitness of this student, 17-year-old Joe Louis Dean, by listing the charges (including drunkenness and fighting in public) that had been made against the boy.

Dean was a witness at the hearing. He said he was committed to a mental hospital about a month ago, and was dis- year of 180 days. charged two weeks ago. Johnson asked Dean if the doctors had discharged him for good, "Yes," Dean replied, "Was the question of mental incompetence raised before he (Dean) asked to transfer?" JudgeJohnsonasked Turner. "No, sir," Turner admitted, "Why?" asked the judge, "It was not known," answered Turner. Judge Johnson said no mentally incompetent student should be allowed to attend any

school, Negro or white.

Johnson repeatedly reminded Turner that the purpose of the hearing was to prove that morally unfit and mentally incompetent students were ordered into white schools. He asked Turner many times, "Was the question raised when they were at the Negro school?" or "Why is it being raised now?"

Turner said, "The errors were overlooked in the Negro schools and community." Another time, he said the students "might be competent to attend a school in a community with lower moral standards than those of Highland Home and the other predominantly-white schools in Crenshaw County."

Turner's first witness, former Helicon School principal B.Y. Farris, read to the court the number of days of school each student had missed during last year's boycott of Helicon. The numbers ranged from 88 to 120, out of a school

"What has absenteeism got to do with moral unfitness or mental incompetence?" asked Judge Johnson.

At the end of the hearing, Johnson refused to hear any more of Turner's evidence, "There was no defense in this case," he said. "I won't hear any more of this."

"We didn't ask for this, sir," said Turner. "You did it on television," replied the judge.



JUDGE JOHNSON

#### 'We Need That Free Food,' **Special Report:** Says court in Meridian. They are charged with conspiring against the rights of citizens, in connection with the deaths A School Boycott Discouraged Leader in Bullock of the three civil rights workers near Philadelphia, Miss., in 1964. however, the trial has been put off indefinitely.

BY MARY ELLEN GALE

UNION SPRINGS -- "It looks like it's been a long hard fight for nothing," said H. O. Williams. "We aren't going to get any surplus food into this county until we have some new county commissioners."

"They don't want it at all," Williams said about the present commissioners and the Union Springs City Council members. "They want the food stamp plan instead."

The Bullock County Improvement Association (BCIA), a Negro group, has spent the last month trying to persuade the county commissioners and the city council to split the cost of distributing free surplus food. Williams said he and the other BCIA leaders haven't gotten anywhere.

But R.E.L. Cope Sr., attorney for the county commissioners, said things might not be as bad as the BCIA leaders think.

"I don't think they (the commissioners) have turned anything down," Cope claimed, "My understanding is they and the city council agreed to investigate the relative merits of the stamp ram and the other to determine

give you \$20 worth of food stamps for every \$10 you give them.

"But if you have fewer children or make more money, then they would give you less-\$15 or \$12 worth of stamps for \$10 in cash. And you have to have some money to begin with. A man can't work for \$2 a day and live off it." Williams said a free-food program made more sense: "If somebody makes

\$10 a week and you give him \$10 worth of food without taking any of his money, he's got \$10 to spend for clothes," Cope, the commissioners' attorney, admitted that some of the commissioners and city councilmen "have expressed a preference for the food stamp plan."

met with four BCIA leaders Monday night. He quoted one councilman, Dr. O. Emfinger, as saying that the free food "wasn't fit for consumption and the stamp program was best because people obtained fresh food by trading at individual stores."

Williams said he thinks what Emfinger really meant was that a free food program would cut into local food sales. Emfinger refused to comment,

"They talked mighty nice," Williams said about the other city councilmen. "They said they wanted to do what's best for the majority. The commissioners said the same.

"Well, that's fine with me. Negroes are 71 per cent of the people in Bul-Williams said some councilmen put lock County. Our median income is it more strongly than that when they \$901 a year. We need that free food."

# In Arkansas



#### BOYCOTTING STUDENTS PLAY VOLLEYBALL

BY JIM PEPPLER force has apparently been the Negro MARVELL, Ark .-- The Negro com- community's strong dissatisfaction with the Negroschools. munity in Marvell School District #22--

"and I did have them."

case."

Last week, the defense lawyers asked Judge Cox to consider 20 reasons for delaying or calling off the trial. At the hearing Tuesday, Cox took up the jury challenge first, because it was "the most serious thing we've got," Lawyers for Negroes and civil rights workers have often argued that their clients couldn't get a fair trial from mostly-white juries. But on Tuesday, the tables were

turned. Defense lawyers from Meridian and Philadelphia--most of them known for anti-civil-rights views-showed that the jury lists contained a far lower percentage of Negroes, Indians, and females than the over-all population. Therefore, they argued, the jury did

Attorneys

Challenge

Miss.Case

BY GAIL FALK

lawyers for 17 men ac-

cused of conspiracy in the

deaths of James Chaney,

Michael Schwerner, and

Andrew Goodman sounded

like civil rights attorneys

They told U.S. District Judge Harold

Cox last Tuesday that the charges

against their clients were no good, be-

cause the grand jury that indicted the

men did not include enough Negroes or

Neshoba County Sheriff Lawrence

Rainey, Deputy Cecil Price, and the 15

other accused men had been scheduled

to stand trial next Monday in federal

As a result of Tuesday's hearing,

this week.

women.

JACKSON, Miss.--The

not represent a good cross-section of the community.

And U. S. Assistant Attorney General John Doar--the government's top civil rights lawyer--tried to show that the South Mississippi district court did have enough Negroes on its jury. He called on Miss L. E. Wharton, who

was in charge of collecting names for the jury list until she retired in 1965. Miss Wharton testified that Negroes ad served on district court juries since

1933. After 1957, she said, "I was very

interested in having colored people

from every county" on the jury lists,

The 23-member grand jury that in-

dicted the 17 men included one Negro

and two women. But there was testi-

mony Tuesday that all was not right with

the court's jury system at the time.

said more than 50 per cent of the names

on the jury list had to be removed ear-

lier this year. Cox said the names were

"objectionable under the Rabinowitz

(Miss Joni Rabinowitz, a civil rights

worker in Albany Ga., had been charged

with lying to a grand jury. But the Fifth

Circuit U.S. Court of Appeals threw out

the charge because Negroes had been

kept off the grand jury that indicted her.)

meant that "one name wrong in that box

taints the whole box." And, he said, it

wouldn't make any difference if a "per-

fectly fair" jury were picked, if the se-

lection procedure had been wrong.

could subscribe to, but it is the law of

the Fifth Circuit," said Judge Cox.

to give him final arguments on the jury

challenge Oct. 5. If he doesn't throw out

the case then, there are 19 other mo-

tions for dismissal. He probably won't

start considering them until November.

Cox asked the lawyers for both sides

"The Rabinowitz case is not one I

Cox said the Rabinowitz decision

Albert C. Thomas, clerk of the court,

BY MARY WISSLER Greene County High averaged only 19 BIRMINGHAM -- A federal judge last students.

Judge Finds New Guideline For

**Greene School Desegregation** 

The judge's ruling resulted from a week found an unusual way to let a few suit filed a year ago against officiais of the Greene County school system. That suit, initiated by the NAACP Legal Defense and Educational Fund on behalf of five Negro students, charged the officials with maintaining a dual school system based on race.

which is best. I think they are going to adopt one of the two,"

That sounded as though the officials were planning to meet the Negroes halfway. But Williams saw it a little differently.

The U. S. Department of Agriculture could start sending in surplus food as soon as the county set up a distribution system, he said. The food stamp plan might not begin for several years.

"The Department of Agriculture says they have more applications than money for the food stamp program," Williams said, "Only five counties in Alabama have it now. We'd have to go on a long room. waiting list,"

He had another objection to food stamps. "It's done on a percentage," he explained. "Say you make \$10 a week and have ten children. They might

#### In Grenada, Miss.

more Negro students into mostly-white Greene County High School, Judge H. H. Grooms told the school to accept Negro transfer applicants until the student-teacher ratio at Greene County High was the same as at all-Negro Carver High School.

Last spring, 240 Carver students asked to transfer to Greene County High, The board of education never told them whether or not they were accepted. After 87 Negro students appeared at Greene County High on the first day of school this fall, principal J. J. Schwerdt enrolled 12 of them. He told the rest that there wasn't any more

But Judge Grooms found that there was more room at Greene County High than there was at Carver. Last year, the classes at Carver had an average of 24 students, while the classes at

The suit went to trial last May, but the trial court refused to take any action until the Fifth Circuit U.S. Court of Appeals made a ruling on the questions involved. But when only 12 Negro students were admitted to Greene County High School this fall, the U.S. Justice Department asked for, and won, a temporary order against the Greene County school board.

The Justice Department charged the school officials with violating their own new desegregation plan. The plan provides for complete desegregation of the county school system by 1967-68.

Mayor Won't Talk to Dr. King

GRENADA, Miss .-- Grenada Mayor G.D. Quinn turned down an invitation from the Rev. Martin Luther King Jr. last Tuesday. King had suggested a meeting between Grenada officials and Negro leaders to discuss 51 demands for an "open city."

Grenada officials originally agreed to the demands when Dr. King presented them at the time of the Meredith march last June. But since then, local Negroes contend, officials have failed to

#### All About Grenada -- Page 4

act on--or even talk about--the demands.

Speaking for the city council, Quinn told Dr. King that all Grenada citizens were treated equally under the law.

The names of the mayor and city councilmen were among 300 signatures on a statement of principles printed last Tuesday in the local paper, condemning both violence and boycotts.

The statement said, "We are unalterably opposed to the use of violence in the settlement of our problems, and we deplore and condemn the acts of violence which have been committed against citizens, both white and Negro,"

Dr. King accompanied Negro students to previously all-white schools here Tuesday (at right). He told them to "learn, baby, learn,"



(SCLC Photo by Bob Pitch)

a consolidated district including two Arkansas counties, Phillips and Monroe--had been preparing all summer for the expected school integration this fall.

Mrs. Gertrude Jackson, of the Jones Ridge area outside of Marvell, said mass meetings were held and steps were taken so people would apply to send their children to all-white Marvell High when the freedom-of-choice forms came. (There are a little over 600 whites in Marvell High, while 1,300 of the district's 1,800 high-school-aged Negroes go to Tate High School. The rest go to smaller schools.) But the freedom-of-choice forms never came, So when school opened on Aug. 29, about 1,500 of the 1,800 Negro students stayed out of school. For two weeks, the boycott was almost 100% effective. After two weeks, about 600-700 students returned to class. But 1,100 to 1,200 are still staying away.

Earlis Jackson, Mrs. Jackson's husband, explained the reasoning behind the boycott: "There is a federal law saying that you have to fill out a freedom-of-choice form to go back to school. We'd be breaking the law if we went back to those Negro schools without having filled out a freedom-ofchoice form."

According to SNCC field worker Miss Myrtle Glasgow, Schools Superintendent C.G. Cowsert has said the government's 1966 desegregation requirements are "too strict" and "not suited to this district."

But Jackson said the districts all around Marvell #22 have desegregated with no problems. He charged that the farmers who control the Marvell school board are afraid that with the schools integrated, Negroes will learn to do more than pick cotton for a living. While the superintendent's failure to

send out the freedom-of-choice forms sparked the boycott, the sustaining **MERIDIAN SCHOOLS** 

MERIDIAN, Miss, -- U. S. District Judge Harold Cox this week ordered two changes in Meridian's school-desegregation plan.

Cox said the city schools must make an "adequate start" toward teacher desegregation this year.

He also said the question of race could not keep any child from transferring to any school the child is otherwise eligible to attend. This means that Negro students in all grades--even those not desegregated under Meridian's freedom-of-choice plan--may transfer to white schools this year.

One girl said that at Tate, "two people would sometimes have to sit in one seat. I know because I did. ... The quality is s-o-o-o poor." One of the demands of the boycotting

parents has been the closing of six Negro "wing" schools--one-, two-, and three-room schools with one or two teachers for as many as eight grades. Since the start of the boycott, three of the wing schools have been closed. People say the white community has applied pressure in an attempt to break the boycott. A mother of eight said her welfare worker told her she couldn't get her payments if her children didn't go back to school. The boycott leaders decided to fight back by expanding the boycott to include the county fair.

Said Mrs. Jackson: "Since they act so ugly and so nasty, and the fair is so important to them, we decided we could stay away."

#### A Good Example

MONTGOMERY -- Henry E. Garrett, who calls himself a "world-famous psychologist," toured the state last week, telling white Citizens Councils how to fight public-school desegregation. Last Saturday, he advised the Montgomery Citizens Council to organize, like another well-known group. "Look what the NAACP has been able

to do through organization," Garrett told about 50 council members here in the Whitley Hotel.

> IN MAN

ANNISTON -- Bill Cassidy, principal of the Walter Wellborn High School near here, says school desegregation has put him "on the fence." He said he has been criticized by Negroparents on one hand, and by members of the National States Rights Party on the other. Eight Negro students attended Wellborn last year, and ten are in class there this term.

But several Negro parents have complained that their children weren't given adequate protection when they went to Wellborn. Six Negro children who started out at Wellborn this fall have transferred back to all-Negro schools. Valentino Lanier, a 14-year-old ninth-grader, said he went to Wellborn for two days. He said he was threatened, pushed around, hit, and spat on by some white boys.

"If they wouldn't push me or spit on me, I'd go back over there," he said after returning to his old school, Thankful Junior High, "I don't care about them calling me names."

Lanier's mother said school officials had told her they couldn't guarantee her son's safety.

Cassidy said he made sure that all of his students were safe. He said some Negro children really didn't want to go to an integrated school, but their parents made them. These children would say anything to get out, he said, He mentioned the charge that he had

called one Negro student "black boy." (At least two of the children who left Wellborn made the charge,) "Hell, that's not so," said Cassidy.

At the same time, Cassidy said, he has also been getting complaints from members of the violently anti-Negro National States Rights Party, who think there is too much integration, The party's local head, Kenneth Adams, has a son enrolled at Wellborn,

Negroes, said Cassidy, have "accused me of being in with (Adams') views. By the same token, Pve been accused by his group of being in with them."

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# **Editorial Opinion**

# **Brutality in Mobile**

There was brutality in Grenada, Miss., last week, as mobs of white people terrorized little Negro children on their way to school. But even the events in Grenada hardly equaled the civilized savagery display-



Tuesday. After Edward Boykin Jr., a 25-

year-old Negro man, pleaded guilty to five charges of robbery, a jury of nine white men and three Negroes sentenced him to die in the electric chair.

ed in a Mobile courtroom last

Earlier, the jurors were confused on one aspect of the law. They asked Judge Walter Gaillard if the sentences for each robbery would run end-to-end or all at the same of CORE. time, and he told them the terms

would run one after the other. But the jurors weren't taking any chances--they voted the death penalty for all five robberies.

Only a society of cave-men would pass a law providing the death penalty for a mere robbery. And only a group of blood-thirsty and inhuman jurors would invoke such a monstrous penalty for such a small crime.

The Boykin case--like the Thomas Coleman case in Lowndes County a week ago--also shows that putting Negroes on juries is no guarantee of justice. There were three Negroes out of 12 on Boykin's jury, and there were 11 Negroes out of 18 on the grand jury that unanimously refused to raise the charge against Coleman. A jury of hooded Klansmen, with the Imperial Wizard as foreman, couldn't have done any worse.

#### Negroes Lose ASCS in Bullock; In U.S. Senate Bill Rights **Election To Be Re-Run in Macon** Is Killed

WASHINGTON--The 1966 civil rights bill, already weakened by amendments in the U.S. House, was killed in the Senate last Monday.

For the second time in less than a week, the Senate refused to stop a filibuster against the bill. This meant the bill would never come to a vote. The vote on stopping the filibuster was 52 yes and 41 no, but that was 10 short of the two-thirds margin needed to limit debate.

Both Alabama senators, Lister Hill and John Sparkman, helped to kill the bill by voting no.

The most controversial part of the bill was the "open housing" section, designed to prevent discrimination in the sale or rental of houses and apartments. This section would probably have had more effect in the North than in the South. The House had already amended the bill so it would affect only 40% of the nation's housing units.

Another section of the defeated bill would have ended discrimination in the selection of state and federal court juries. This was probably the most important section for the South,

After the final vote, Senate Democratic Leader Mike Mansfield appealed for racial peace and reason to prevent "grim days for all of us." But civil rights leaders were not optimistic about the future.

The bill's defeat shows a "trend of the Congress as well as the administration to sell black Americans down the river of political expediency," said Floyd B. McKissick, national director

Failure to pass the bill "can only serve to worsen an already serious racial crisis," said Whitney Young Jr., executive director of the National Urban League.

According to the Rev. Martin Luther King Jr., "It surely heralds darker days for this social era of discontent,"

U.S. Representatives Jim Martin of Alabama and Howard Callaway of Georgia, both Republican candidates for governor, have moved to keep alive the parts of the bill that they like.

They have co-sponsored a new bill aimed at killing the federal school desegregation guidelines. It says the government cannot withhold funds in order to overcome "racial imbalance" in public schools.



#### To the Editor:

Three white young men armed with crow-bars came up to the car in which things are run in Alabama schools, the anonymous Miss Suzy. The story we were parked at the Krystal hamburger restaurant located at Government

guideline bill has been passed, there will be much confusion in the way the

than Stephen E. Cotton's recent twin stories on Miss Lillie Mae Jones and He must not realize that if he has to on Miss Suzy reveals quietly, but with close the Negro schools because of no tragic force, the terrible cost of racial



WILBON THOMAS (left) AND OTHER ASCS CANDIDATES

Counter'

speaking and discussion.

Johnson's wedding.

on subjects they select.

Connie Moore, director of STAR,

Inc., of Meridian (the adult literacy pro-

gram), started the club to give busi-

coming politicians" some practice in

nessmen, religious leaders and "up and

At the beginning of each meeting,

members are called on to speak without

notes for two minutes on some subject

that's been in the news. Last month, a

member had to outline what should be

done in Meridian to prevent riots. Oth-

ers were called on to discuss the air-

line strike, the opening of Meridian's

first package liquor store, and Luci

"This is to keep members on their

toes, to get them to read the news-

paper," said Moore, "You can't be a

leader and not be an informed leader."

After these off-the-cuff discussions,

Each meeting follows a careful min-

two members give prepared speeches

ute-by-minute schedule. A time-keep-

er stops speakers when they go beyond

their time limits. A grammarian cor-

rects mistakes in grammar, and the

"ah counter" keeps count of the number

of times each speaker says "ah."

There are Toastmasters' Clubs all

over the world, but Moore said Meridian

has the first chapter for Negro busi-

make speeches and know about parlia-

Officers of the club are George Frank

mentary procedure," he explained.

The 'Ah MERIDIAN, Miss .-- Meridian's Negro leaders and businessmen have often been criticized for not getting together.

But for several weeks, a druggist, teachers, ministers, funeral directors, dentists, and restaurant owners have been getting together--once a week at 7 a.m., for breakfast and meetings of the Cloverleaf Toastmasters' Club.

### **One School Bus** Is Desegregated

EUFAULA--Barbour County desegregated a school bus this week and, as a result, three more Negro children enrolled in two mostly-white Eufaula City schools.

It happened after a hearing in federal court on a suit filed by the children's father, Elijah Franklin.

The suit charged that although the Eufaula City Schools had agreed to accept the children, they were forced to attend all-Negro schools because Barbour County had refused to give them transportation.

White children who live in the same part of the county as the Franklin children "are enrolled in Eufaula High School. . . and are transported . . . by buses owned and operated by the denessmen, "We need Negroes who can fendant county board of education," the suit said.

It asked the court to order the Barbour County school board to permit NeBY MARY ELLEN GALE

UNION SPRINGS -- Six weeks ago, Bullock County civil rights leaders were busy working to elect Negro farmers to the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service (ASCS) community committees.

When white ASCS officials named dozens of Negro candidates in an apparent effort to split the vote of the county's Negro majority, the civil rights leaders backed just a few candidates from the long lists.

Then 29 Negro farmers from Black Belt counties went to Washington and told a federal court that they needed more time to explain the ASCS elections to people in Alabama. The court moved the election deadline back from mid-August to Sept. 15.

But when the ballots were counted this week, Negroes in Union Springs and Midway had failed to elect a single representative to the Bullock County ASCS community committees.

"It was close," said H.O. Williams, a Union Springs Negro leader who saw the votes counted, "I was the high man (of the Negroes). I got 84 votes." The highest number of votes for a white man in Union Springs was 101, Williams said, with the rest of the white candidates ahead of him and behind the winner

"But there were 36 Negro ballots thrown out unopened because they were unsigned," Williams said. If even half of those ballots had been marked for him, he probably would have been elected to the ASCS committee.

Why weren't the ballots signed? "Misunderstanding or neglect," said Williams. "They didn't attend our meetings, and we didn't get to their houses."

"I can't fault nobody but the Negroes," he added. "This time, nobody else was to blame."

Wilbon Thomas, who organized the August ASCS election campaign in Midway, agreed. "We had some Negroes talk against it, After we did all we could do, we didn't push it.

"We had everything settin' pretty good in August. Ain't nobody talkin' about it now."

TUSKEGEE -- The state ASCS committee has thrown out Macon County's election for community committeemen because the ballots weren't kept in a locked box. The election will be run over later this fall.

Bob Valder, associate director of the Alabama Council on Human Relations, pointed out the violation of ASCS rules to the state office. B. L. Collins, state ASCS executive director, then ruled the election invalid after talking withASCS officials in Washington.

near Michigan Ave. The white man said to us, "Don't you think it is time to git moving? This is not an integrated place. Have you called in your order yet?"

I told them that we had been served there before and I am fixing to place my order now. As I picked up the speaker and placed it to my ear to call in the order, one of the white men grabbed the phone. This caused the waitress to come outside to investigate what was wrong.

So the waitress said the manager would have to put a guard outside, because they are having enough trouble already....

A similar incident occurred at a drive-in on Highway 45 in Prichard. Three white men came up to some colored young menand told them, "Nigger, let me see you run." They replied. "Run? Run where? We aren't going to run." The white men, seeing they weren't afraid, went on and left them alone.

This may not be worth printing. lam only wanting to let you know how the white is sneaking around these establishments at night and meddling the Negroes.

I read what happened at the drug store in Prichard and nothing was done about it. But I am soglad that the poor fellow had nerve not to run, even though he was slapped and hit.

There is one who will give us Justice and He is never asleep--Our Lord And Saviour Jesus Christ.

May God bless you and your staff and here is hoping your paper will grow and grow.

#### (Name withheld) Mobile

To the Editor:

Mrs. Lavonia Nichols loves to read The Southern Courier. She loves it so well until if she has company or anybody at the house, she just opens up the paper and starts reading it anyway as soon as it arrives.

#### Mrs. Marcella Young Philadelphia, Miss.

\* \* \* \*

To the Editor:

As a citizen of the United States, I think that I have a right to speak out on the way that Governor George C. Wallace is running things in this sovereign state.

Wallace may or may not know it, but if the federal government decides to cut off all federal aid to Alabama, he couldn't do a thing about it, Since the anti-

federal aid, there will be a large growth in juvenile delinquency among the children in Alabama, But someone must remind George that if he has to close Negro schools, he will be forced to close

the so-called white schools also. Many of the white people who voted for George (Oops! I mean Lurleen) didn't bother to look at the bad side of Wallace. They only see him as keeping the Negro down. But I hope before some of them die, they will see that Wallace is pulling more money out of their pockets than they are putting in. . . . I wish that I could probe the mind of Wallace. That man is pitiful. He thinks that he has a little country to himself. I wouldn't be surprised if in the next year we secede from the rest of the states. The name would read as follows: "The United Counties of Alabama, George C. Wallace, President," or, "Wallace Country, George C. Wallace, Pres., Lurleen Wallace, Vice-Pres." But all in all, Wallace is a human being. And we are all allowed some mistakes. Nevertheless, Wallace is making too many.

Wallace is kind of playing cards with President L. B. Johnson. But he better think before he plays the wrong card, because Johnson is holding four aces and one extra just in case. And that little measly \$38,000,000 surplus he has for education won't last long and can't stand up to all the money the federal government is holding....

I know this one thing, that someone better give Wallace a long talk before he does something drastic and the state of Alabama falls like the empire of Rome.

This is my cry for Governor George Corley Wallace: "WALLACE -- PLEASE, PLEASE WAKE UP."

(Name withheld) Montgomery

To the Editor:

I am writing to pay a long-overdue debt of gratitude for what The Southern Courier means to me. Among the numerous publications that I read, the Courier and Harry Golden's Carolina Israelite are my favorites, because each is doing a job forthrightly and honestly that no one else has had both the courage and ability to do.

All of your stories and editorials have been well done, and many have exerted a particular appeal for me, Among the many excellent works in the Courier, none has been more effective

prejudice to people who happen to be born with white skins.

Miss Lillie Mae Jones has obviously grown in stature as a result of her trials, but Miss Suzy, caught in a network of fear of not being accepted by her white peers, has denied her essential humanity and has lost the opportunity to win the friendship of a real person--of Lillie Mae Jones, who has what it takes to look real fear and danger straight in the eyes and say: "You shall not master me."

Keep up the good work of striving toward a society in which the timid Suzies (there are many of them, and let us admit that the potential is in most of us) will have an opportunity to be the free human beings that they really want to be.

Jerry Roden Jr. **Executive Director** Alabama Council on Human Relations Auburn

To the Editor:

In a meeting of Sept. 13, our membership adopted the following position:

\* \* \* \*

We are grateful that it did not occur in Pittsburgh, but we are shocked that inadequate preventive measures allowed children to be beaten in the South, Lead pipes, ax handles, and tire chains were used in the presence of police and government officials who "willfully refused"to protect the children. The children's "sin"? -- attempting to attend school.

In the Grenada (Miss.) events of Sept. 12, a 12-year-old boy sustained a broken leg as he "ran a gauntlet of cursing whites for a full block, his face bleeding, his clothes torn (AP dispatch)."

How many years more, and in how many places, must we see this spectacle? We cannot escape the conclusion that the federal government is negligent in not preventing these acts of violence, since collusion of white local and state police with racist extremists is known.

Use of federal enforcement agents, such as marshals and troops, must supplant the present methods, or the dreary vicious cycle will continue indefinitely. Prevention of brutality is only possible through adequate federal presence. We urge all organizations and individuals feeling as we do to express themselves promptly and vigorously.

#### Pittsburgh Chapter

Medical Committee for Human Rights Pittsburgh, Pa.

gro students to ride the same bus as the white children.

After testimony at the hearing last Friday, U. S. District Judge Frank M. Johnson Jr. agreed that Barbour County wasn't following its freedom-of-choice school desegregation plan. He told the county to provide transportation for the Franklin children.

Judge Johnson said the county did not have to provide bus service for another Negro youngster, Carlton Crawford Jr., who lives eight miles from the nearest school bus route. But he said the county eventually will have to re-draw its bus routes to serve all students equally, regardless of race.

# War on Poverty For Mobile?

BY DAVID R. UNDERHILL

MOBILE -- About a month ago, it looked as though Mobile County would finally get an anti-poverty program, after almost two years of fighting over control of the program and after a veto by Governor George C. Wallace last June. Rival anti - poverty committees merged into one last spring, and the federal Office of Economic Opportunity quickly approved it. But then Wallace vetoed it.

He apparently did not entirely approve of the committee's board of directors. The committee made some adjustments, and then elected a new president last month, in a battle between anti-Wallace members and neutral or pro-Wallace members.

One candidate for president was Dr. Hollis Wiseman, who had openly supported Richmond Flowers against Mrs. Wallace in the Democratic primary. The other was the Rev. Thomas Nunan, a Catholic church official.

Nunan won easily, and the committee again submitted its plans for the gover-

Since then, the committee has heard nothing from Wallace about his decision. But a few days ago, Mobile Mayor Joseph Langan and County Commissioner Leroy Stevens, both members of the committee, got letters from Wallace saying that the committee seems to be almost the same as the one he vetoed

Nunan said he is "not quite sure" what Wallace wants. But, he said, the committee is going ahead with its planning, and expects to get approved eventually.

Sims, president; Billy Sykes, administrative vice-president; Moore, educational vice-president; Obie Clark, secretary: Dr. William Butler Fielder, treasurer; and W. Albert Jones, sergeant-at-arms.

THE SOUTHERN COURIER wel comes letters from anyone on any subject. Letters must be signed, but your name will be withheld upon request.



Birmingham

Ozark

The Tittusville Civil League has re-

cently been organized for community

development. Officers serving pre-

sently include Lionel Williams, presi-

dent; Erskine Hayes, president-elect;

Mrs. Ruby Veale, secretary; Mrs.

Eleanor Smith, assistant secretary;

Theodore McIntyre, treasurer; and

George Walker, chaplain. Committee

chairmen are Mrs. Carol Woods, so-

cial; A. Downing, youth; Harrison Rut-

ledge, contact; Mrs. Eleanor Smith,

beautification; Mrs. Alma Vandiver,

program; 'Frank Lamar, political ac-

tion; and Mrs. Margaret M. Jones, pub-

licity. Meetings are held each Tuesday

night at 7 p.m. at the Westminster Pres-

byterian Church. The public is invited.

Patton, pastor of Second Mt. Zion Baptist Church, was the evangelist. The Rev. L. Sims is pastor of Antioch Baptist Church.

#### Montgomery

Miss Geraldine Walker, daughter of George Walker Sr.; Miss Aubra Jean Patterson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Patterson; and Curtis Thomas, son of Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Thomas. left Montgomery to attend Tennessee A & I in Nashville, Tenn, All three are 1966 graduates of Booker T. Washington High in Montgomery.

#### Meridian, Miss.

There are 39 Negro kids attending Meridian Senior High School, Roscoe Jones called a meeting for all the Negro kids last Sunday in Allen Chapel Methodist Church, to discuss what had happened during the first week of school. It was discussed that the kids would form a group to get together and attend all the football games at the high school.

#### Marvell, Ark.

The sewers at all-Negro Turner Elementary and Junior High School near Marvell were installed up-hill. For years, the parents complained, sent petitions, went "up there" to see the school board, and finally, last February, began a boycott of the school, Still, the school board did nothing. Then, as a result of a complaint, the State Board of Health sent aninspector around, The sewers were ordered reconstructed. During all this, parents at the site of the school learned from a state official (who had the original blue-prints of the building) that two classrooms and an auditorium on the plans were never built.

Mrs. Vera Blackmon returned home recently after visiting Eddie Hill in Akron, Ohio. She had a wonderful time. Some of the exciting events included visits to Cleveland and Steubenville, Ohio: Detroit, Michigan; West Virginia; Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania; and Canada. Tuskegee

> The Macon County Community Committee #1 has elected as its officers: John B. Richardson, chairman; Joseph Holmes, co-chairman; Mrs. Arizona Pace, secretary; Mrs. Bessie Chappell, assistant secretary; D. V. Joseph, parliamentarian; Charlie Morgan, sergeant-at-arms; and Mrs. Addie Adams, chaplain. Mrs. Annie Dees is acting treasurer.

#### Evergreen

The Antioch Baptist Church recently held revival services. The Rev. W. M.

nor's approval.

before.

PAGE THREE



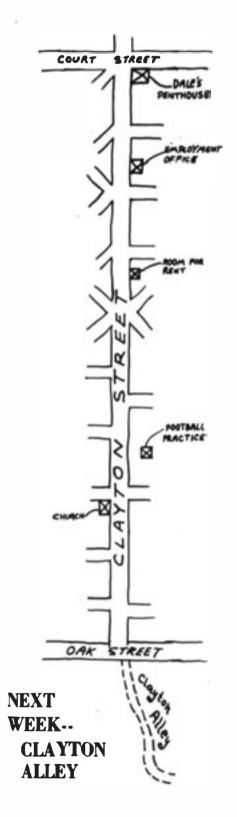


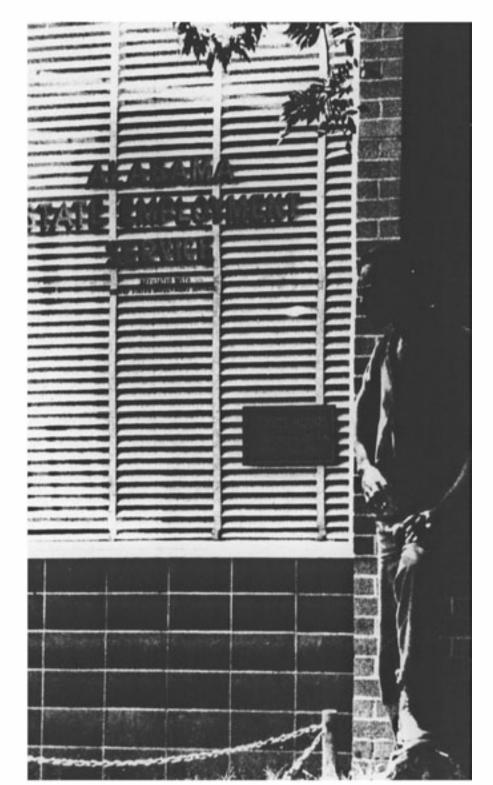
# **CLAYTON STREET, MONTGOMERY**

which could be most any 'white' street in Alabama

Photographs by Jim Peppler











# **TROUBLE IN GRENADA**

**Court Orders Protection for Negro Pupils** 



IN JUNE, MEREDITH MARCHERS PLACED AN AMERICAN FLAG ON THE CONFEDERATE MONUMENT IN GRENADA



#### BY GAIL FALK

OXFORD, Miss,--For two full days last week U. S. District Judge Claude Clayton listened while witnesses described what happened when Negro children attended classes for the first time at Lizzie Horn Elementary and John Rundle High schools in Grenada.

He heard the schoolchildren tellhow they were beaten with blackjacks, axe handles, and motorcycle chains, while local officials looked on and did nothing.

He heard a doctor from Mound Bayou say he had treated one of the children for a skull fracture and another for a broken leg caused by the beatings.

He heard a lawyer with a black eye testify that he had

been beaten by five or six white men at the feet of Grenada County Constable men and accused them of coming "with Grady Carroll. He heard a newsman describe the beating of a reporter and a news photographer.

And he heard local Grenada officials explain that they "deplore violence" and that they simply didn't have enough policemen to restrain the white m ob that gathered at the schools Sept. 12 and 13. The witnesses had been called so that

Judge Clayton could decide whether to grant a request by the Justice Department. The department's lawyers had asked him to order Grenada officials to protect Negro children who attend desegregated schools in the county. When the last witness and lawyer had

had their say, Judge Clayton was silent for a moment. Then, in a stern ringing voice, he said that if local officials could not keep order in Grenada, the federal government would.

"The savage and senseless and, I might say, futile series of events of Monday and Tuesday are not only the shame of the active participants in those events; they are also the shame of all the people of Grenada County and also the shame of all the people whoare possessed of public leadership. .. in the



city and county of Grenada.

"I am astonished that such violence as has been disclosed by this record could have occurred as many times as it did with so little reaction on the part of the public officials . . ."

Judge Clayton said he agreed with Justice Department lawyer J. Harold Flannery, who said "the systematic and ongoing beating of children and teen-agers over a period of hours" could not be explained by blaming "a small group of 'rednecks.'... They made a calculated judgment based on the type of government they have come to expect... of what they could do with impunity.

"The problem lies at the very door of city hall and the very door of the sheriff's office."

As if to show that his orders were not just scoldings to be forgotten, Judge Clayton called forward Beat One Constable Grady Carroll. The constable had been accused by several witnesses of ignoring or laughing at pleas for protection from white attackers.

time Judge Clayton had heard complaints about Grenada, Earlier this summer he ordered the Mississippi State Highway Patrol and Grenada officials to protect civil rights demonstra-

beatings, and arrests. . And near the end of August he handed down the school desegregation order under which the Negro children were attending the John Rundle and Lizzie Horn schools.

tors, who had been met with tear gas,

Last Saturday, the federal government showed it was willing to go even further, FBI agents arrested 13 white chains, sticks and pipes" to attack the pupils at the desegregated schools,

The men were charged with conspiring to deprive Negro citizens of their rights and were placed under \$1,000 bond. The maximum sentence is \$5,000 fine or 10 years in prison, or both.

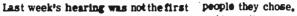
Since the charge is a felony, the men must first appear before a grand jury, who will decide whether there is enough evidence against them to hold a trial. The next grand jury for federal court in Oxford is scheduled to meetin January.

During the riot Sept. 12, only five city policemen were on duty. Police Chief Pat Ray testified in court that he was cruising around town in a car without a radio, out of touch with his men for an hour and a half.

But local government began to disintegrate in Grenada long before the opening of school two weeks ago.

Ray admitted that he has depended on the Mississippi Highway Patrol tokeep order. Large numbers of highway patrolmen have been stationed in Grenada since the start of civil rights demonstrations this summer; 275 patrolmen and game and park service wardens were in town last week.

Chief Ray has added only one member to the police force all summer. He says he has been unable to find qualified men who were willing to join the force. Negroes say he has turned down all the



At a city council meeting Sept. 12, hundreds of angry whites demanded the removal of the Highway patrol. In an effort to persuade the council to send the patrolmen away, one man shouted, "You get the highway patrol out of here and in 24 hours there won't be a nigger left."

At the same meeting, city manager J.E. McEachin resigned, McEachin, considered a moderate segregationist by Grenada standards, has not beenreplaced.

According to SCLC staffmember Alfonso Harris, there is no white leadership, not even behind the scenes. "If there was, we could get to them."

But with law and order under federal care, the SCLC workers believe that they may be able to force Grenada's white citizens to fill the vacuum. They hope that a Negro boycott of white stores will convince white merchants to demand responsible and moderate leadership from the city government.

#### What's Happening To Mississippi?'

GRENADA, Miss.--After school last Wednesday, the Rev. Andrew Young, executive director of SCLC, asked a group of Negro children to tell about their first classes at John Rundle High School.

Miss Carolyn Springfield said that in her ninth grade English class none of the white children answered when the teacher asked for a definition of fiction, "So I told her fiction is untrue and non-fiction is true,"

Young asked how many other children had given answers in class. Several hands were raised.

"Aren't you scared to talk--with all those white folks around?" he asked.

"No!" shouted all the children. "Goodness gracious," Young laughed, "what's happenin' to Mississippi!"



THIS WEEK, DR. MARTIN LUTHER KING RETURNED TO AID GRENADA'S MOVEMENT (SCLC Photo by Bob Fitch)

As Carroll stood limp and red-faced before the court, Judge Clayton sentenced him to four months in prison for

contempt of court. (The contempt charge was based on Carroll's attack on a lawyer who tried to serve him a court summons.)

TENSION HAS BEEN HIGH ALL SUMMER

# New Freedom Movement Fights for an Open City

#### BY GAIL FALK

GRENADA, Miss. -- A white schoolteacher up in Water Valley, the next town along Highway 7 from Grenada, shook her head over her neighbors' troubles.

"They need to bring a case against those freedom workers," she said. "They just fanned and fanned that town with all their marching till it was at a fever pitch. If you keep on wavinga red flag, of course someone's going to get angry."

Grenada, she said, would have been just like Water Valley, where schools were desegregated peacefully this September, if SCLC hadn't stirred things up.

Down in Grenada, a Negro school teacher shook her head when she heard someone had blamed SCLC for the violence last week.

It's true, said Mrs. Senora Springfield, that Grenada never had a movement until the James Meredith march came to town. "We hadn't ever heard of a freedom song here before June," she said.

Although civil rights workers have been organizing in the area since 1961, none of them ever happened to come to this north Mississippi town of 8,000.

"But the trouble was always here," said Mrs. Springfield, "We knew there was injustice. We used to talk about it. But we didn't know how to work to do anything about it. Then the march came and the SCLC workers came and --well, glory halleluia!"

When the march came, the people in Grenada joined in as though they'd just been sitting and waiting for freedom to come.

Even city officials rolled out the red carpet. They agreed to a long list of

Luther King, and opened the courthouse for a special voter registration session. Mrs. Springfield was one of the four Negroes hired to help register the hundreds of Negroes who poured into the courthouse. She remembers telling her father that "(Constable) Grady Carroll's the nicest man down there. He showed us all around the courthouse and offered to get us Cokes and cookies," she said.

"My father answered me, 'You watch, he'll be leading you right into the KKK,'" said Mrs. Springfield.

Her father turned out to be closer to the truth. During the summer, Carroll was repeatedly accused of standing by and permitting attacks on Negroes. Last week he was sentenced to four months in prison for beating a civil rights lawyer who tried to give him a summons to appear in court.

A lot of people besides Grady Carroll changed once the march and national attention had moved on.

SCLC workers who kept their promise to return to Grenada several days later found a very different welcome in the Negro community. People who had begged them to come back were now afraid to associate with them. The SCLC workers discovered that many people had been threatened after the march left town.

"To get up people's spirit," said SCLC staff member Jim Bullock, "we got some of the teen- agers together for a movie integration attempt," Thatwas the first of many demonstrations SCLC led to back up 51 demands to city and county officials for an "open city,"

Often demonstrations werebrokenup by white toughs, policemen, or highway patrolmen. On one bloody Sunday in July, Negroes outside the Grenada County jail were dispersed by highway patrolmen with billy clubs.

The Negro community responded with

businesses. Most white and a few Negro establishments are boycotted. Coca he used to take in \$1,500 a week and Cola is alsoon the blacklist. White restaurants are not included because most of them are serving Negroes for the first time this summer.

Only a few businesses have a sign that says, "Grenada County Freedom Movement approves," It is signed by the Rev. S. T. Cunningham, pastor of Bell Flower Church and president of the Grenada Movement, and Alfonso Harris, SCLC project director.

The boycott has been very effective in this town where almost half the population is Negro. At least three stores

demands presented by Dr. Martin an economic "blackout" of downtown have closed and many others are in with threats against the Negroes, and tions had been lost still hoped to go to trouble. One grocery store owner says now gets \$500.

> But the boycott has not brought white merchants to work for Negro demands, as SCLC hoped. The only real progress toward an open city has come from U.S. District Judge Claude Clayton's school desegregation order.

> The judge ordered all the white schools in the county to accept Negro transfer applications for all grades. More than 300 Negro students filled out the freedom-of-choice forms for transfer to the white schools.

But some white people fought back



HUNDREDS OF NEGROES REGISTERED TO VOTE DURING THE MEREDITH MARCH

parents changed their children back to the Negro schools.

The people who made the threats seemed to know which Negro children had signed up for each white school, although the list of transfers was not public. Negroes have demanded an explanation from Schools Superintendent Gayle Wilborn.

After the violence Sept, 12 and 13, many Negro parents kept their children home from the white schools. But last Friday, 149 Negro students attended John Rundle and Lizzie Horn schools. About ten others planned to go back Monday, and 30 others whose applica-

the white schools.

The transfer students say that things are better inside the schools than outside. Although many white students. especially the boys, peck at the Negroes, most teachers try to stop the heckling.

Whatever happens, the Negro transfers say, they intend to stay where they are.

At a mass meeting Saturday night, an SCLC staff member talked like a general winding up a campaign: "We've gotten hundreds of people to register, we've done integrated every school in the county, and the boycott has almost broken whitey downtown."

The question people are starting to ask now is, "What will happen when SCLC leaves Grenada?" Will they take freedom with them? Will threats and intimidation destroy Negro spirit, as they did when the Meredith march left town?

SCLC workers give two answers. In the first place, they say they aren't about to pull out as long as demands for an open city remain unanswered.

Negro citizens would like to negotiate. A delegation tried to talk to Sheriff Suggs Ingram Saturday, but they were told he was busy. Until Grenada officials show that they are ready to talk, says Alfonso Harris, marches will continue.

Sooner or later, however, SCLC will move on. By then, the workers say, they hope local leaders like Bingham and Cunningham will keep things going.

Even now, people have a better idea of how to work on things. They have sat in federal court and seen that the law can be their friend. They have found out how to get help from civil rights lawyers. And they have learned about using their dollar and their vote to get what they want.

#### In Georgia Primary

# Former Governor Vs. Segregationist Hero

BY JIM SMITH

ATLANTA, Ga, -- Ellis Arnall, Georgia's former "fighting governor," came out ahead in last week's primary in his bid for a second term. But he still faces a run-off battle next Wednesday with segregationist Lester Maddox, former fighting restaurant owner.

The run-off--first in the state in 30 years--will decide who opposes U.S. Representative Howard "Bo" Callaway, the Republican candidate for governor.

Arnall, the most liberal of the six Democrats running for governor, got 211,176 votes, to 166,392 for Maddox and 153,857 for Jimmy Carter, the "unknown" state senator from Plains, Albany newspaper publisher James Gray, a segregationist who many thought would make the run-off, finished fourth.

The former governor, who has been practicing law in Atlanta since his first campaign on his past achievements and on the need he sees to reform present back editions of his two books, which deal with such things as his lowering the voting age in Georgia, re-accredit- off. ing the state's educational system, revoking the Ku Klux Klan's charter, and his sympathy with the aspirations of the Southern Negro.

Arnall's support of federal aid has of the Great Society."

Maddox, campaigning on "sensible constitutional government, states along the road to political office than House. ever before. A staunch segregationist, he closed his Pickrick restaurant in Atlanta in 1964, rather than serve Negroes. He has been defeated in the last three elections for mayor and in the received a large vote each time.

His strong stand against civil rights has won him wide support among rural a seat in the House last term because and working class white people. This kind of support may be growing as a result of Atlanta's recent racial troubles.

With one week left before the run-off. the big question is who can get Carter's votes. Carter, described as a moder-

PATRONIZE

COURIER ADVERTISERS

**MALDEN BROTHERS** BARBER SHOP



STATE SEN. HORACE T. WARD term ended 20 years ago, has built his ate, surprised everyone by taking votes from Maddox in south Georgia and from Arnall in the big counties. If the votes state government. He issued paper- of the other three candidates go to Maddox, as they probably will, the Carter votes will decide the winner in the run-

Callaway, the Republican candidate, has been keeping his campaignplatform under wraps until after the run-off. He said Monday that the one-party system in Georgia had kept the issues the same led Maddox to call him "the candidate for 20 years: "Competition is what makes the whole ball game work." In other races last week, Democrats nominated two Negro candidates for the rights, and free enterprise," is further state Senate and nine for the state

Present State Senator Horace T. Ward won re-nomination in a district where white voters outnumber Negroes by about 3,000. Also nominated were State Senator Leroy Johnson, the first 1962 lieutenant governor's race, but has Negro elected to the Senate since Reconstruction, and Julian Bond, the former SNCC official who was refused of his stand on the Viet Nam war.

#### **HELP-HELP-HELP REV. ROOSEVELT FRANKLIN** of Macon, Ga. DIVINE SPIRITUAL HEALER

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# New Tuskegee Citizens Meet Mayor

BY MARY ELLEN GALE

TUSKEGEE -- Mayor Charles M. Keever was the guest speaker at a meeting of Macon County Community Committee #1 one night last week. But he did more listening than talking.

The main speakers turned out to be the people who live in Greenwood Heights, a Negro area that willbecome part of the City of Tuskegee on Oct. 1. They told the mayor they want the city to do more for them than the county has

"We been living on trails and paying for streets," said Herbert J. Williams. "The county been getting our taxes. What have they been doing with them?

"I feel the city should go in and demand the county to share the money they been collecting for years. We finally got honest people in City Hall-now these honest people should go dig up some of these dishonest people,"

"That's right," shouted one of the 50 people gathered in First Emmanuel Baptist Church to meet their mayor. Some of the others nodded their heads. Williams went right on talking about their problems.

"The man come to read the water meter, he stand out in the street, I can't see it unless I go look at it. They're not reading the meters, they're just charging what they want.

"Same way with the gas. I go away 

Friday, Sept. 30

for a month and come back to a \$3-\$4 gas bill," He turned to the mayor, "We couldn't

squawk before, because we needed the service," he said. "You know, if we raised too much sand, they just cut it off." "You and the city councilmen should

go around and check ..... We're paying for services we never see. If it stay like that, we might as well not come into the city limits."

The people in the church nodded their heads again. So did Mayor Keever. "I need tobear complaints more than compliments," he said.

"Anything we can do for you, we're going to do it as fast as we can. But I can't spend money the city doesn't have. The previous city council left us with a debt of \$575,000. We spent \$168,000 more than we got last year."

"We know it isn't your fault if the other administrations didn't distribute

Alabama Christian Movement for Human Rights

The weekly meeting will be held Monday, Sept. 26, in Mt. Hebron Baptist Church, 503 5th St., Thomas, the Rev. T. L. Fisher, pastor.

7:30 p.m.

their money equally," replied Clarence Dunn, "But it's not the taxpayers' fault, either.

"We getting more revenue now than ever before. A man live out here all his life, he deserves a street--even if it won't get us out of debt. We entitled to sewage, streets, lights as you can get around to 'em."

One service the city plans to give its new residents right away is garbage collection. Several questioners wanted to know whether they were going to be treated the same as the old residents.

"When I was campaigning two years

Ross Street Cleaners
416 ROSS ST., MONTGOMERY
CLEANING EXPERTLY DONE BY
EXPERIENCED PERSONNEL
CITY WIDE DELIVERY SERVICE
Mack Guilford, Prop.
PHONE 262-0990

#### ago, I found in the white areas the garbagemen went to the back of homes,"

Keever said. "In the non-white areas, if you didn't lug it out to the street, they didn't pick it up.

"Now we have a different policy. We'll pick it up wherever you leave it, whoever you are."

#### Maid Jobs

New York, Conn. & other points --Ages 18 to 50, single or married. \$35 to \$65 a week, free board & uniforms, off one day each week & every other Sunday. Must have reference from your minister, teacher, business concern, or former employer. Write for applications today. If accepted, we will send tickets to B<sup>r</sup>ham and to your employment destination. 24 hours service.

> DOMESTIC EMPL. AGCY. 424 N. 17th St., Birmingham

> > 252-4881

Mrs. Isaac Dickson

of the First CME Church in Montgomery says: "I wasable to purchase music for the choir with the money I made from my

#### Southern Courier

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# 140

#### In Chattanooga, Negroes and whites got rough with racial prejudice... instead of each other.

Face the problem, face to face.

and equal jobs To be molt effective a Commission should

have official status, power to act, an adequate hudget, skilled staff, and membership widely

representative of the community If you want to know how to set up a Com-

mission, or how an existing one can be more effective write for the Community Relations service booklet "How To Turn Talk Into Action Address ACTION, Washington, D.C.

Communities with a rest dimension settle randing members of all race in your community, thru a Human Relations Community, thru a Human Relations Community, thru a Human Relations Community, thru the onterior the white height race in your community, thru a Human Relations Commun

joinily in re-olying their differences. In Chattarooga, they re-working to other threathe Tennessee Council on Human Relation. If ru thar effects factories have beein to hire Series 100% of the relationity agreed to serve Negroes, and whiles and Negroes have formed a community Action Committee Now people a fer d if the har for of N groes they formerly the glit troublesome

It work for you too Formal talk among 20537.

#### lso, for your continuing listening, our GOSPEL PROGRAMS. 4:00 to 6:00 AM and 9:15 to 11:00 AM, and with Gretchen Jenkins from 11:00 AM to 12 Noon, Monday thru Friday.

FOOTBALL

Carver vs.

Carver of Gadsden

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#### WANT ADS

FANTASTIC BARGAINS--For sale: 8mm movie camera, \$49,95; 100% human hair wigs, any color, \$49.95; watch with jet plane watchhand, \$29.95; beautiful ladies' watches, \$29,95; camera, \$14.95; ladies' pressingoil with Bergamot, \$1.50; sage & sulphur hair & scalp conditioner, \$1.75. Write: United World Traders, P.O. Box 872, Mobile, Ala. If you are in business, you can get these things wholesale.

our Pastor's Study.

GOOD JOB--Wanted: Agent and managers to earn up to \$500 per month in their spare time, with Merlite Life-Time guaranteed light bulbs. If interested, contact T. L. Crenshaw, 923 Adeline St., Montgomery,

TWIN COVERLETS WANTED --Wanted, two hand-made quilted coverlets for a pair of twinbeds, suitable for a girl's room. Write to Mrs. M.B. Olatunji, P.O. Box 358, Millerton, N.Y.

WE NEED tables, chairs, and books for the new Community Center on Ardmore Highway in Indian Creek. Help the Community Center by giving items which you don't need, Call Arthur Jacobs Jr. 752-4989, in Huntsville.

CLOTHES WANTED--The La Ritz Social & Savings Club is sponsoring a charity drive for the Boys Town. The club is soliciting clothing and linen. If you want to contribute to the drive, call Mrs. Nellie Hardy, at 263-0948 in Montgomery, or drop off your donation at her house, 628 Colony St.

WORK FOR FREEDOM--Interested in peace action, academic freedom, civil rights, or poverty? Students for a Democratic Society is forming chapters in Birmingham and elsewhere. Write to P.R. Bailey, Miles College, Birmincham.

MERIDIAN POVERTY -- Poor people will elect representatives to the board of directors for the Lauderdale County Community Action Program at the following six meetings next Thursday: Beat 1, Middleton attendance center; Beat 2, Northeast Lauderdale School: Beat 3, West Lauderdale School; Beat 4, Clarksdale High School; Beat 5, Southeast Lauderdale School; Meridian city, Wechsler Elementary School, All meetings will begin at 7 p.m.

ALL FA' (MERS--If you have been told by AS 3S to plow up part of your allotment because it was measured wrong, come by 31 1/2 Franklin Str., Selma, or call Shirley Mesher at 872-3427 in Selma before they plow it up. If you paid to get land measured by ASCS surveyors and never had it measured, you should also come by or call.

WORK IN NEW YORK--Do you wish self-employment? Suitable couple, with or without family, wanted to re-locate in New York State, and take care of retarded children who are wards of the state. 13-room house available for rent. For more information, write to Mrs. M.B. Olatunji, P.O. Box 358, Millerton, N.Y.

FOR SALE--Nine-room house, completely furnished. Three bedrooms, two kitchens, twoliving rooms, oneback porch, two front porches, gas heat, A splendid buy for middle-aged couple who would like to rent out small apartment or keep roomers. Old house in good repair, covered with brick siding about ten years ago. Good roofing, good street, \$6,000 cash and house is yours --or \$5,000 and assume mortgage of \$1,220. College town, no discrimination, two factories that hire Negromen, two air bases. If interested, contact the Rev. Phil Walker, 220 N. High St., Yellow Springs, Ohio.







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#### **Games of the Week**

#### **MONTGOMERY TEAMS LOOK TOUGH** and he hit John Street from 11 yards surprised Cobb Ave., 21 to 7.

BY MICHAEL S. LOTTMAN MONTGOMERY -- Two pretty good teams--Hudson High of Selma and Cobb week for football games with Booker T. Carver, with a new-found place-kicker,

Washington and Carver High, They barely got out with their lives.

Ave. of Anniston--came to town last attack, bombed Hudson, 33 to 6. And

BTW, with a new pro-style passing

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Occupation

# CARVER TRIES A PASS

the second win without a loss.

four-yard pass to Edward Wimberly,



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The Southern Courier

will

For both Montgomery teams, it was out in the second period. Even the freshmen got into the act

late in the game, as first-year quarter-Quarterback Clinton Drake threw two back Henry Crawford passed to Wimtouchdown passes in the YellowJackets' berly for 25 yards and a touchdown. win over Hudson Sept, 15 in Cramton When Hudson tried to trade aerials Bowl. Drake opened the scoring with a

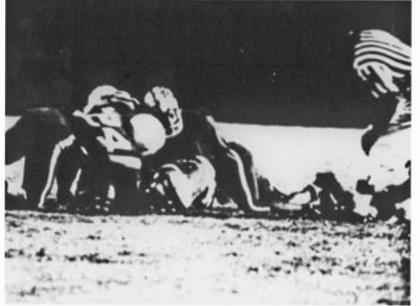
with the Yellow Jackets, the result was disaster. In the fourth period, Wilbert Rogers of BTW intercepted a Selma pass and rambled 25 yards for a TD. After the game, BTW coach Buddy Davis was modest about his passing game. "We're trying to work oneup," he said.

Last year, Davis said, Washington was basically a running club. But this season, he said, "we revised the offensive system, with more wide-open stuff." BTW uses "a lot of pro sets," he said, as well as the popular I-formation.

BTW's other scores came on a 15yard run by Willie James Harris and a safety. Quarterback James Collins got Hudson's only TD on a five-yard sneak.

Carver's triumph was definitely an upset. Cobb Ave., the defending state champion, had whipped the Wolverines, 19 to 15, last year. And while Carver had been weakened by graduation, Cobb Ave, had most of the same players back. But Carver struck first in the opening period, when quarterback Oscar Belser

hooked up with Donald Vinson on a 28-



HUDSON TACKLERS BURY BTW RUNNER

yard touchdown pass. Cobb Ave. then tied it up on Robert Cook's seven-yard

In the second period, Willie Arrington scored for the Wolverines from 15 yards out, Vinson put the game out of reach in the final period, racing 47 yards after grabbing a Cobb Ave, fum- . for this time of year," he said, ble in mid-air.

Center Thomas Mitchell, in his first game as a place-kicker, booted all three extra points for the Wolverines. An extra point or a short field goal would have meant a lot to Carver in several games over the past few seasons, but apparently no one knew about Mitchell until Coach John Fulgham noticed him trying some kick-offs in practice last week.

"He couldn't do too well kicking off," said Fulgham, "because he couldn't kick deep enough. But he kicked a high ball--it was high coming off the tee--so I decided to switch him to extra points,

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He really surprised me. The first one was a beauty. The second just cleared run with a recovered Carver fumble. the cross-bar, but the third was a beauty, too,"

Fulgham said even he was surprised by Carver's performance. "The team was better than we thought it would be,

The Wolverines' passing attack wasn't too effective against Cobb Ave .-they completed just one of eight tosses. But that one went for a touchdown. "Basically, we're a running team," Fulgham said.

So the City Classic in November shapes up as a battle between a good running team and a good passing team. That game may well decide who represents this area in the state championship game.

#### THINK AND GRIN

BY ARLAM CARR JR. Jester: "My uncle is a Southern

planter." Lester: "You mean he owns a plantation?"

Jester: "No. He's an undertaker in South Carolina."

What miracle happened when Mr. Stone and Mr. Wood stood on a corner and a pretty girl passed by?

Stone turned to Wood and Wood turned to Stone. Then they both turned to look. The girl turned into a beauty shop.

Wife (trying on hats): "Do you like this turned down, dear?" Husband: "How much is it?" Wife: "Sixty dollars," Husband: "Yes, turn it down."



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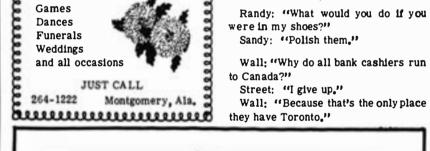
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