THE SOUTHERN COURIER TEN CENTS WEEKEND EDITION: NOVEMBER 5-6, 1966 OL. II, NO. 45

Macon Write-In Threatens Amerson **Tuesday--Day of Decisions** HIGH HOPES IN LOWNDES BY MARY ELLEN GALE

BY MICHAEL S. LOTTMAN

MONTGOMERY--Before the Lowndes County Freedom Organization candidates went on the radio last Sunday in a one-sided discussion show, school board nominee John Hinson recalled what an opponent had said about the black panther:

"We never had any trouble until that cat came along!"

In al5-minute show on station WRMA, the candidates told how they hoped to give their white opponents plenty of trouble.

"We have enough registered people in Lowndes County to win," said Sidney Logan Jr., running for sheriff against Democrat C. Frank Ryals. "I feel very strongly that we will win. I been moving night and day, talking to my friends and getting my friends to talk to their neighbors."

The freedom candidates "have opened the eyes of all the people," said Robert L. Logan, who is opposing Republican David M. Lyon for place 3 on the school board, "I feel the people of Lowndes County will stand behind their candidates 100% on Nov. 8."

Although all candidates for Lowndes County offices were invited to participate in the discussion, only the freedom organization nominees showed up. But John H. Ellis, chairman of the Lowndes tee, sent a written statement in behalf of the Republicans seeking re-election to the school board.

Ellis' letter charged that Governor George C. Wallace tried to get the board to shut down Havneville School after about 100 Negroes integrated it this fall.

But, said Ellis, the board unanimously refused the governor's "insistent" request. The letter said this was "an outstanding example of the present board's concern for local autonomy and desire for good relations between the races."

But Mrs. Willie M. Strickland, running against Democrat C. B. Haigler for place 5 on the school board, said the present board wasn't concerned



FREEDOM ORGANIZATION CANDIDATES (LEFT TO RIGHT); MRS. WILLIE M. STRICKLAND, MRS. ANNIE L. MOORE, FRANK MILES JR., EMORY ROSS, SIDNEY LOGAN JR., JOHN HINSON. NOT SHOWN: ROBERT L. LOGAN.

Democrat Jack Golson for coroner, Democrat Charlie C. Sullivan in the "the family don't even hear of an au- race for tax assessor. "And it doesn't topsy, and they never have a doctor say you have to do on a friendship come in," He promised equal treat- basis," ment for all people.

Frank Miles Jr., running for tax col- SNCC would play in their government, lector against Democrat Iva D. Sullivan, if they were elected. "Stokely Carsaid, "Everybody thinks you've got to michael and the rest of the SNCC have a master's degree... to collect fellows haven't ever made any decisions taxes." But, he said, "anybody who can in Lowndes County," said Hinson, who County Republican Executive Commit- count money and make out a receipt," is running against Republican Tommy can do the job, "Pm as much quali- Coleman for place 4 on the school fied as the one sitting in the seat now board. (Sullivan)," Miles said.

"I'll do exactly what the law says do," courage ... letting you know you are an said Mrs. Annie L. Moore, facing American."

Says Injured Dr. Robinson



TUSKEGEE--Friends of Macon County Sheriff Harvey Sadler are quietly organizing a write-in campaign to enable him to keep his job.

They are doing it, according to a man who has been watching county politics for 30 years, "because they like Sadler and they just don't want to have a Negro sheriff."

The "Negro sheriff" is Lucius D. Amerson, the Democratic Party nominee. His only opponent on Tuesday's ballot is Bob Dawson, a white man who switched to the 3rd Party For America after running a poor third to Amerson and Sadler in the May primary.

Amerson edged Sadler in the run-off by less than 400 votes out of 6,600, when only two-thirds of Macon County's Negro voters went to the polls.

Still fewer are expected to make it on Tuesday. If the white turn-out stays at

Whitley's Entry Twists Miss. Senate Race

BY GAIL FALK

JACKSON, Miss .-- Until last week. Mississippi Negroes disagreed about whether they would be better off voting for Democrat James O. Eastland or Republican Prentiss Walker for senator.

Some said Eastland was the only candidate who would get anti-poverty money for Mississippi, and that he was supported by President Lyndon Johnson. Others said Negroes should break Eastland's power by electing Walker, who would be "the lesser of two evils" because he would have no seniority.

Last week, a federal court ordered the name of the Rev. Clifton Whitley, an independent Negro candidate for senator, placed on ballot. But if anyone who would get the Negrovote in the senthought this would solve the question of



ANTI-WALKER LEAFLET ate race, they under-estimated the complexity of Mississippi politics.

Mississippi Freedom Democratic Party leaders were enthusiastic about Whitley's campaign. "For Negroes to show their strength on a candidate they believe in, is the best thing they could do," said MFDP worker Joe Morse. But a Meridian Negro leader disagreed: "Getting Whitley on the ballot was the worst thing that could have happened. We could have gotten Eastland out. He's the fifth strongest man in Congress. We had a chance to show our

100%, Amerson could lose his chance to become Ala-bama's first Negro sheriff since Reconstruction.

But it wasn't only white people who voted for Sadler last time, and--according to the sheriff -- it isn't white people who are running the write-in campaign.

"It's some of the colored people," Sadler said this week. "They came to me and said they were going to do it." Asked who they are, he smiled and shook his head.

"Now, if I give the names, that might start some rasslin'. We got enough of that. We need to stop it, not start more. I'm not fightin' anybody."

The sheriff said he was "grateful" to his friends, but didn't think they had much chance of succeeding where he failed last May. "You can't hardly win a write-in. I won't say it's never been done, but seldom. It'd need a lot of ink." But Negro volunteers who have been teaching new voters how to use the ma-

chines in the courthouse said a lot of ink was being used. One volunteer saidthat when he left at night, groups of white people took over the machines to learn how to write in names.

And, he said, some people asked him to show them how to do it.

Although the main emphasis is on the (CONTINUED ON PAGE FIVE, Col. 1)

Voting Suits Still Pending In 4 Counties

BIRMINGHAM -- "Martin would be even worse for this state than Wallace." Dr. Carl Robinson, independent candidate for governor, counted off his criticisms of Republican nominee, James

about a third of the meetings of Congress."

The candidates were asked whatpart

"The help they have given us is in

In his platform, Robinson has proposed improving workmen's compensation and unemployment laws, making a college education available to everyone. icine.

enough about Negro education.

"The colored schools are not up to date," she said. "There are too many students in a classroom--60 or 70 students for one teacher, and that's too many. In some schools, the children have to go out and get wood to heat the school."

The freedom organization candidates all told why they thought they deserved to be elected--and why their opponents didn't.

"When (Negro) people get killed

D. Martin. But Robinson wasn't speaking from a campaign platform. He was and removing all taxes on food and medlying in University Hospital.

The 40-year-old doctor-lawyer is recovering from a broken back, sustained when his gyroplane crash-landed last week.

Martin's philosophy is the same as Governor George C. Wallace's, He's against the working man, and he's not competent for the job, Robinson said. "Martin voted against a decent mi-

nimum wage, Medicare, and the povernow," said Emory Ross, opposing ty program, Most of the other votes he

Justice in Macon For Younge Death Suspect?

BY MARY ELLEN GALE

TUSKEGEE--Sheriff Harvey Sadler and two other police officers said in court this week that Marvin L. Segrest, the white man accused of murdering a Negro civil rights worker, cannot geta fair trial in Macon County.

But a fourth officer, Tuskegee Public Safety Director Alton B. Taylor, said, "I believe people are capable of abiding by the judgment of this court."

The policemen testified at a hearing Tuesday on Segrest's motion for a change of venue (county). In making his request, Segrest pleaded not guilty to the charge of second degree murder in the shooting of Samuel L. Younge Jr., 21, a Tuskegee Institute student.

"There is danger of mob violence should the defendant be brought to trial in Macon County ...," the motion says. It claims that Segrest "cannot obtain a fair and impartial trial" in the county.

It does not mention that Macon is the only county in the area where Negro jurors could outnumber white jurors.

Harry D. Raymon, one of Segrest's lawyers, called the four law enforcement officers as witnesses after District Attorney Tom F. Young objected to moving the trial.

The officers all testified that students and civil rights workers marched and demonstrated for several weeks after Younge was shot to death last Jan 3. Sheriff Sadler said that while Segrest was in the county jail the first week in January, "groups of students came over and tried to get in," The students carried "placards demanding Mr. Segrest be given the death penalty," Sadler said,

When Raymon asked him to comment

on community feeling now, the sheriff said, "I don't believe that either side could get a fair trial."

Former Police Chief G.M. Story said the killing was followed by "quite a bit of racial unrest," "some rioting," and "threats."

"I was in a position to learn that feelings on both sides have been running very high since the incident happened," said Story, who resigned as chief in February after students repeatedly accused him of incompetence in handling the demonstrations.

Jack Ayscue, the sheriff's chief deputy, said, "We had to call in the state troopers . . . One Saturday I went to arrest a demonstrator and I had to battle about 50 of them."

Ayscue also testified that "a group of the same demonstrators started cursing me and calling me names" ten days ago, when the deputy and Segrest left the courtroom after a pre-trial hearing. Ayscue said the group was following Segrest.

But Segrest's attorney got a different kind of answer from Taylor, the highest-ranking law enforcement officer for the City of Tuskegee, Raymon asked whether there would be "further outbreaks of violence" if Segrest were tried in Macon County.

"I don't believe any man could say about that," Taylor replied, When Young, the district attorney, pressed him to blame SNCC for the "turbulence," Taylor suddenly said he trusted the people to accept the court's judgment

Young didn't call any witnesses to ar-

(CONTINUED ON PAGE SIX, Col. 6)

"The poverty program -- and other federal aid programs -- are designed to help us who are backward. Congressmen from other states are generous enough to let us get \$2 back for every dollar we pay in taxes," Robinson observed. "They don't do that because they love us. They do it because, whether we admit it or not, we are a part of the United States."

"I'll probably be the first man in modern history to take office not owing anything to anybody," said Robinson, who places the highest value on "honest government."

Despite his injury, Robinson continued to issue daily statements from his hospital bed in the last days of the campaign.

He said his wife will be campaigning for him, in a plane similar to the one that crashed, "But," he said, "I'm afraid if she likes it too well, we're going to have to fight over who will be the governor's first assistant," Meanwhile, Democratic candidate



DR. CARL ROBINSON

Mrs. Lurleen Wallace and the man who wants to be her "first assistant," George Wallace, continued to stump the state and to flood it with newspaper and television advertising.

Speaking to a crowd of 250 in Alabaster this week. Governor Wallace shifted his sights to the international scene, criticizing U.S. Senator Robert Kennedy's stands on foreign affairs. And Republican James D. Martin was chugging around the state in a campaign train--the "Jim Martin Victory Spe-

cial." The unusual sight drew large gatherings at most of the towns along

the way. Tough **Picketing Gets**

BY MICHAEL S. LOTTMAN

MONTGOMERY--Life on downtown Montgomery's month-old picket line is getting tougher. For example, the past week has been a nightmare for Robert Sims Jr., assistant SCLC project director.

Early last week, Sims said, he was taking his turn on the picket line at the S.H. Kress & Co. department store, when a white man called him a "nasty nigger" and then ripped up the sign Sims was carrying.

Sims signed a warrant against the man, Ned Dunagan of Coffeeville, and the case was set for Oct, 27 in Municipal Court.

But the night before the trial, Sims said, Montgomery and Prattville policemen arrested him on an old, unpaid ticket for an improper muffler. Sims said he got the ticket while working in Prattville earlier this year, and the civil rights group there neglected to pay 1L

So when Dunagan's case was called the next morning, Sims was in jail in Prattville, Judge Eugene Loe dismissed the case, because there were no wit-

strength by putting a man with low education and little experience into that office."

If Whitley does poorly, the Meridian leader said, "we're exposed"--because people will see that Negroes didn't turn out. In the June Democratic primary, after a full campaign, Whitley polled 34,323 votes to Eastland's 240,171. In this election, he has officially been a candidate for less than two weeks.

Meanwhile, Eastland's press secretary, Ken Tolliver, said the senator was glad to have Whitley on the ballot. "It eliminates any possibility of a (legal) challenge," Tolliver said.

Whitley is the only candidate who has emphasized specific issues. "We need to pass laws to bring jobs for the 50,000 people put out of jobs in the cotton fields in the Delta," he said, "And we need to develop a more positive program for ending the war in Viet Nam."

Whitley said he opposed the state constitutional amendment that would permit the Mississippi legislature to consolidate counties, and he promised to support the Child Development Group of (CONTINUED ON PAGE TWO, Col. 3)

The man who had arrested Dunagan,

Montgomery Sergeant Wayne Foster,

wasn't in court, either. "There was no-

thing I could testify to," he explained,

"As far as I know," he said, Sims'

arrest just before the trial was a coin-

Sims charged that Montgomery po-

lice "turn their heads" when picketers

are abused. Once, he said, "a fellow

came by and stumped his cigarette in

one boy's face," but the police did no-

Foster said he personally had chased

the attacker, but couldn't catch him.""H

someone breaks the law, I don't care

what color he is, he's going to jail,"

Meanwhile, SCLC project director

Roosevelt Barnett said the picketing

could have been ended after "two or

three days," if Kress officials had met

with representatives of SCLC and the

Montgomery Improvement Association.

missal of some employees accused of

rudeness and brutality, and hiring of

(CONTINUED ON PAGE FIVE, Col. 2)

Negro demands, he said, include dis-

nesses.

cidence.

thing.

Foster said.

BY MARY ELLEN GALE

MONTGOMERY -- The general election will take place on schedule Tuesday in Bullock, Barbour, and Macon counties. But nobody can be sure the votes for five of the offices will count. The offices are the ones contested by five Negro candidates, who filed suit in federal court four months ago, charging that the May 31 run-off was rigged by election officials in the three counties.

Last week, the candidates asked U.S. District Judge Frank M. Johnson Jr. to delay the general election until their suit--which asks for a new primary-is heard.

Two days later, Johnson said no. He gave no reasons for his decision. So the candidates -- and thousands of voters -- will have to go to the polls without knowing whether the right names are on the Democratic side of the ballot for the five offices.

The men whose names won't be there are Fred Gray, the attorney who ran for the state House from the 31st district (Barbour, Bullock, and Macon counties), and four Bullock County candidates -- H. O. Williams for sheriff. Rufus C, Huffman for tax assessor, and Alonza Ellis and Ben McGhee for county commissioners.

In the motion to delay the general election, their attorneys reported the first results of an analysis of the voting in Bullock County.

In the first two boxes studied, at least 250 of the 490 white people were permitted or encouraged to cast ballots "illegally and by procedures at variance with the law of the state of Alabama," the motion said, "All of the said illegal ballots were cast for white opponents" of the Negro candidates.

This week, attorney Fred Wallace, of the NAACP Legal Defense Fund, said civil rights workers and U.S. Justice Department officials are continuing to find evidence of fraud as they examine the records.

Wallace also said there is still a chance that the names of two Negro candidates in Greene County--the Rev. Percy McShan for tax assessor and the Rev. Thomas Gilmore for sheriff--will go on the ballot there.

McShan and Gilmore have asked the U.S. Fifth Circuit Court of Appeals to reverse a lower court, and order their names placed on the ballot.



ROOSEVELT BARNETT (RIGHT)

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A New Twist

November 5-6,1966

The strange case of the disputed Bullock County primary election took a new twist last week. U.S. District Judge Frank M. Johnson Jr. told five defeated Negro candidates who filed a lawsuit last June that he wouldn't decide whether the primary was valid or invalid until after the general election.

Last June, the candidates and their attorneys said they were acting on behalf bama after six years?" of all the Negro voters whose ballots might have been "diluted" by illegal white votes. But since then, an unexplained and apparently inexplicable series of delays has diluted the suit itself.

First there was the court's month-long delay in denying motions for dismissal of the suit. Then there was the court's two-week delay in ordering the three counties involved to open their records to attorneys for the Negro candidates. And then there was the attorneys' five-week delay in asking the court to act before the general election.

Now that Johnson has refused to put off the election, it looks as if the suit is virtually over.

In a similar case last May, Judge Johnson refused to order a new election for the Barbour County Democratic Executive Committee, although he conceded that the original election was stacked against the Negroes. If he wouldn't throw out a primary, he isn't likely to throw out both a primary and a general election--no matter what the candidates and their lawyers manage to prove in court.

If this lawsuit becomes just another exercise in futility, the real losers will be not the candidates, but the people. Every voter who cast an honest ballot in the May 31 primary in Barbour, Bullock, and Macon counties has a stake in the suit. Every one of them deserves a new election if the old one was dishonest. But the way it looks now, the best the people can hope for is that the courts will ask the election officials to behave themselves in the future.

Letters to the Editor

To the Editor:

drawn to Washington as the supposed asked to not only give away their Constitutionally guaranteed powers but also asked to give away their privateproperty rights. I refer to Constitutional Amendments 3, 4, and 6 on the Nov.8 ballot.

This vicious action will grant a county in one instance and, two cities in the others, the right to "...acquire real property, plants, buildings," etc., and, E. McAllister Davis then, to permit these same governments Montgomery

to "....give and convey" this property, etc., "to any person, firm, association Lo and behold! While our attention is or corporation," And--thrown in this same "package"--an additional 2% tax villain, I see by the printed legal notices will be collected to pay for this "legalthat the citizens of Alabama are being ized" STEALING of one man's property to give to another!

> "Oh, no!" Both people and news articles tell me. "This is to bring industry to Alabama!" Hog Wash! Who wants industry controlled by government...that's socialism! And, when private property is no longer sanctified . . . you and me have become a slave!...

Issue in Ala. Senate Campaign--Is Sparkman an LBJ Democrat?

'He's 1,000 Miles Away'

BY VIOLA BRADFORD WETUMPKA -- "Who put the power in LBJ's hand?" Republican State Representative Tandy Little asked last Friday.

U.S. Senator John Sparkman, that's who, Little said, as he introduced Republican senatorial candidate John Grenier to an audience of 20 (including several from the Grenier motorcade) outside the Elmore County Courthouse. So, said Little, "we plan to take bama." Sparkman out of the Senate,"

Then Grenier spoke for himself."If you elect John Grenier, you'll be electing a senator who knows Elmore County like the back of his hand," he said, "Do you want someone who will forget Tallassee, Wetumpka, Eclectic, or Ala-

"I'll be loyal to the people of Alabama, and not the national Democratic Party," said the man who led Barry Goldwater's Southern campaignin1964. "I care enough to vote for you, and not LBJ." For this he received applause. Speaking of Sparkman, his Democratic opponent, Grenier said, "Your national Democrat has been rubberstamped by LBJ. He betrayed the people of Alabama when he voted to integrate the neighborhoods in the nation,"

"During the (Selma-to-Montgomery) march," Grenier told his audience, "a national newspaper reporter asked your present Democratic senator, 'What's happening in Selma?' and do you know what his answer was? 'How should I know? Selma is 1,000 miles away."

"That national Democratic senator will always be 1,000 miles away," Grenier said. "I pledge to be with the people that elect me, the people of Ala-

"We don't say one thing in Alabama and another in Washington," said Grenier, "If somebody's got any doubt about who stands where, ask yourself why is it that of all the campaigning you have seen, the national Democratic junior senator (Sparkman) isn't on the same platform with the governor?

"Is it because the national junior Democratic senator won't get on there with the governor, or is it because the governor won't get on with the national junior Democratic senator?"

A Louisiana native, Grenier has been a Birmingham attorney since 1957.According to his campaign literature, he and his wife, Lynne, "share their Birmingham home with their son, Bo, and Linus, the family dog."



BY GAIL FALK

PHILADELPHIA, Miss.--An unusual political advertisement appeared in the Neshoba County Democrat last week. Mrs. Mary Inez Batts, candidate for the county school board, introduced

herself to voters this way: "I was born near Forest Dale com-

munity in 1912 and have worked all my life on a farm. I love digging in that soil. I made a living because that's all I had to do. I raised truck patches and sold vegetables to help out. It was sometimes hard, but we made it by the help of the good Lord....

"Since I have been in this beat, I have made a lot of friends among white and colored. Anything I had I would share it, matter not what color."

Mrs. Batts went on to say she would do all she could for all people if elected

she said, county officials told her she couldn't run at all. Then they delayed approval of her nominating petition for two weeks, telling her the signatures had to be checked with Mississippi At-

torney General Joe Patterson. But finally, on Oct. 21, Mrs. Batts was

informed that her namewouldbe placed on the ballot. Since then she has campaigned by speaking in mass meetings and talking to friends in the time she can spare from picking her cotton.

Mrs. Batts is one of nearly 20 Negroes running for public office, in the first 20th-century Mississippi election to have a significant number of Negro candidates. Most of the Negro candidates (in Issaquena, Holmes, Jefferson, Claiborne, Wilkinson, Jasper, Marshall, Carroll, and Madison coun'Nothing but Criticism'



TUSCALOOSA -- "My opponent is running on a basis of negation and criticism," U.S. Senator John Sparkman said last Friday. "I'm running on the basis of my record in Congress--30 years of positive accomplishment," Sparkman, a Democrat and a former candidate for vice president, said his seniority in the Senate and his positions on important congressional committees enable him to do more for Alabama than a new senator could.

Sparkman cited his achievements as a supporter of the Small Business Administration and as chairman of the powerful Senate Housing Subcommittee which, he said, "has been instrumental in providing housing for millions of Americans."

"I've always been troubled by the cost of so-called low-cost public housing," Sparkman said at a press conference. He then talked of a way to get private industry to "provide housing that could be rented at low cost,"

This can now be done, he said, under a 1965 rent-subsidy law which he helped write. Under this program, a private investor builds housing under a contract with the government, and rents part of it to low-income families. Part of these families' rents are paid by federal money.

"The first such project in Alabama, in Ozark, was just authorized a few days ago," Sparkman said.

Explaining why he voted against the War on Poverty, Sparkman said, "Iwas afraid it was too hurriedly thrown together and wouldn't work." He then commented on the success of some Youth Corps and Head Start programs. Turning to international events, he said that he has long "thought we ought to bomb the sources of supply (in Viet Nam), wherever they are,"

Hayneville

John Hulett, head of the Lowndes County Freedom Organization, was recovering this week from a painful chest injury. Hulett was hurt by a bolt that fell on him while he was repairing a truck.

Abberille

Augusta Griffin Sr. served two days on the Henry County grand jury last eek. (From James J Vaughan)



SEN. JOHN SPARKMAN

Questioned after the press conference about Governor George C. Wallace's anti-guidelines law, the senator avoided the desegregation issue. "That's a state matter," he said. "I don't meddle in state matters.'

Predicting "a Democratic sweep in Alabama," Sparkman said, "I do not look for the rebirth of the Republican party this year in the South."

Meanwhile, Julian Elgin, the 3rd Party For America candidate for the U.S. Senate, has proposed a "plan for perpetual prosperity."

Under Elgin's plan, every family in America with an income of less than \$12,000 a year would get \$100 a month from the government. He said this would cost the government \$2 billion per month, but it would also save money by lowering the crime rate.

The other major part of Elgin'splatform is his support of a Wallace-for-President campaign.

Bailey, Miss.

Students and teachers at Middleton Attendance Center this week mourned the death of head football coach Adrian C. Lewis, Mr. Lewis, 31, died on Oct. 26, after eight years as a coach and math. teacher. He had made his home in Meria: dian, and is survived by his wife and find young children. (From Mary Darden)

Abbeville

The Henry County Training School

House Nominee Perry Has Unusual Platform

BY MARY WISSLER

BIRMINGHAM -- Walter Emmett Perry Jr., Democratic candidate for the U.S. House from the Sixth District, is running with a platform of unusual ideas.

Is the cost of education too high? Perry proposes tax deductions to helpfamilies educate their children.

Are bright students held back in public schools? Perry suggests special classes for the best students.

Is China a threat to the United States? Perry wants to penetrate Red China by moving UN headquarters to Peking.

"It's not fair to take money from people in taxes and then tell them their gross income is too large for their children to get scholarships," said Perry, explaining his education plan."I believe that education to the limits of every child's ability should be free."

"If our children are going to get into the best colleges," he continued in an interview last Tuesday, "they will have to have special classes in high school."

On international issues, Perrybelieves that China is the biggest threat to peace. He said the United States should build stronger alliances against that threat. For one thing, he said, the U.S. American Activities.

should "tear down the Berlin Wall" and unify Germany.

Domestically, Perry favors federal assistance to states and cities, as long as there are not too many strings attached, "I would be big on the War on Poverty, " he said, "If we could get rid of all the boondoggling--the fancy salaries and featherbedding."

But on the question of the federal school desegregation guidelines, Perry said he stands with Governor George C. Wallace, "Technically speaking, he's right," Perry said. "The guidelines are just not within the scope of the 1964 Civil Rights Act."

And on the subject of civil disobedience, Perry is equally firm. "I think it's very dangerous to let people think they can choose which laws to obey," he said, "What if the Minutemen or some of those other people were to decide that the law against killing Negroes was foolish?"

Perry's opponent is the present U.S. Representative for the Sixth District, Republican John Buchanan, Buchanan is a strong conservative who has made a name for himself in Washington as a vote by voting together for senator," member of the House Committee on Un-

to the school board.

Mrs. Batts is the only Negrorunning against four white men--J. T. Hill, Floyd Jones Jr., Bernard Breazeale, and Hilton Vowell.

She didn't have an easy time becoming the first Negro to run for a Neshoba County office in moderntimes, Atfirst,

MISS. SENATE (CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE)

Mississippi. Between Eastland and Walker, disagreement centers on who is the more segregationist of two segregationists. Eastland's campaign publicity has certainly been the more segregationist. On TV, he has boasted about blocking 127 civil rights bills that came before his Senate Judiciary Committee. One of his leaflets points out that Walker nominated a Negro, Marvell Lang of Bay Springs, for the Air Force Academy. Another quotes the Rev. Martin Luther King Jr. as saying, "We have to get rid of Eastland if the civil rights

movement is to go forward," Negro voter registration in Mississippi has increased by 500% in the year since federal voting examiners first came to the state under the Voting RightsAct of 1965.

"If Negroes show they will use their said a campaign worker in Eastland's office, "they'll show that they're not sleeping--and even Eastland will have to start listening to them in the next election."

our Pastor's Study.

ties) are running for Beat 5 school posts, like Mrs. Batts.

In Claiborne and Jefferson Counties, where Negro congressional candidates polled a majority of the vote in the June 7 primary, the Negro candidates are given a good chance of win-

Negro candidates are also running for U.S. Representative from the First and Third Congressional Districts. Madison County constable, Holmes County justice of the peace, and Leflore County supervisor.

ning,

The number of Negro candidates isn't the only unusual thing about this election. In the past in Mississippi, all a candidate needed--once he got past the primary--was the Democratic party label.

But in the race for Prentiss Walker's seat as U.S. Representative from the Fourth District, it's the Republican candidate, L. L. McAllister, who's been boasting about his party. You can't find the word "Democrat" on Democratic candidate G.V. "Sonny" Montgomery's campaign literature.

The reason isn't hard to find. In the last congressional election, more than 88 per cent of the voters in Lauderdale County -- the home of both candidates and the largest county in the district-voted Republican.

McAllister's campaign concentrates on attacking "the LBJ way--anew leech on life," Montgomery apparently doesn't want to take a chance on being identified with the national Democratic party.

Mobile

Mobile Chapter No. 3 of Licensed Practical Nurses held their sixth annual fashion show, "A Day in the Life



of Florence Nightingale," last Saturday at the Elks Club. Against a background of wild music by the Continentals, chapter members modeled thelatest in hospital, lingerie, casual, after-five, hostess, and bridal wear.

On Nov. 8

football team defeated Andalusia High School last Friday, 18 to 7, For homecoming this week, HCTS plays Grimsley High. Homecoming activities also include the 1966 Coronation Ball and the annual parade. (From James J. Vaughan)

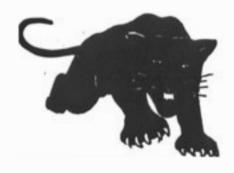
Mobile

"We must succeed in bringing peace to our peoples before we can succeed in bringing it to the world," Archbishop Thomas J. Toolen told the thousands of men, women, and children who marched for peace in honor of Christ the King last Sunday. The march was designed to impress Mobilians that to love God"is to bring him into the hearts of all men."

Abbeville

The Rev. L.R. Warmack is in the hospital in Tuskegee. He is seriously ill. (From James J. Vaughan)

Pull the Lever For the Black Panther--And Then Go On Home



PULL THE LEVER for the **BLACK PANTHER**

and then GO ON HOME

(Pd. Pol. Adv. by Lowndes County Freedom Organization, J. Hulett, chmn.)





"This is Norman Lumpkin, WRMA News Editor and Reporter. For one newscast I write, call on the telephone, and talk with all sorts of people for YOU. Hear news from Central Alabama as well as from Viet Nam on WRMA, 950 in Montgomery, Ala." Norman Lumpkin reports eight times daily, every hour on the half-hour. Do you have news? Call 264-6440 and ask for Norman Lumpkin.

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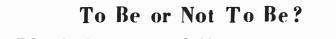


BLACK PANTHER STALKS LOWNDES VICTORY

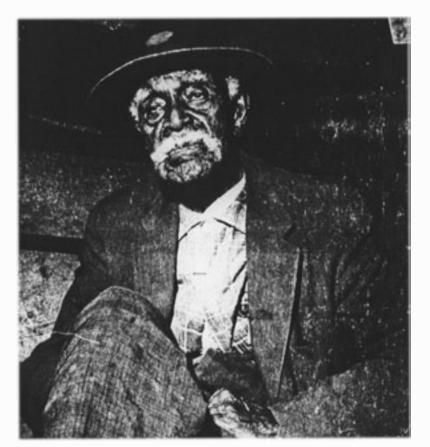














Black Power in Office in Lowndes County-- Nov. 8 Will Decide



Photographs by Jim Peppler







THIS SMALL BUILDING AT 625 N. 16TH ST., BIRMINGHAM, IS A BLACK ISLAM AND REJECT CHRISTIANITY. THEY FAVOR SEPARATE BUT EQUAL MUSLIM MOSQUE. IT HAS ABOUT 70 MEMBERS. THEY BELIEVE IN RIGHTS FOR NEGROES IN AMERICA.

Leader of Birmingham Muslims Says, 'Islam Made Me a Man'

TEXT BY JAMES CRAIG AND MARY WISSLER; PHOTOGRAPHS BY CHRIS MCNAIR

you approach the door, you knock, and a man No man is allowed inside didn't think I'd join," unless he is wearing a coat, no lady unless she is wearing a dress that reaches to her feet.

you to step into a room that is a little pack of lies about the Messenger. It larger than a closet. Curtains cover worried me that officials would have to the door of the room, and inside there resort to lies to discredit a little unis another man waiting to search you. educated black man. They were afraid When you've been searched, he lets you of the name of Allah and Mr. Muhamstep out to where a girl is sitting with mad. I decided then and there that I pencil and paper. The girl takes your name and address and lets you into the lecture hall.

Five rows of chairs with five chairs in each row face the pulpit at the front of the room. To the right of the pulpit

place is very small. As jah Muhammad's column in the movement's weekly paper, Muhammad Speaks, he changed his mind, "I liked it, I thought it was beautiful, looks out and lets you in. but I was leading a full life and I

Then, two FBI agents came to James house and tried to convince him that the Muslims were going to start a war As soon as you enter, the man tells against the whiteworld, "They told a would never turn back."

Muslims believe the Negroes' true religion is Islam, that their true God Street Mosque on Wednesdays, Fridays is Allah, and that God's Messenger is and Sundays is small, less than 70.

equal employment opportunities and equal education.

But, unlike most civil rights groups, the Muslims are against integration. They want their equal education in separate schools. In fact, they want the United States government to give them "a complete state or territory of our own."

"It made all the Bible's history clear to me," Minister James says of these teachings. "For the first time I could find myself in the Bible, Islam restored my manhood."

But the beliefs and demands of the Muslims are not so easy for others to accept, The group of Brothers and Sisthrs that gathers at Birmingham's 16th

BIRMINGHAM -- The the Muslim meetings and had read Eli- attacks against Negroes. It demands have come to the Birmingham Mosque, threatening to kick the door down. And the FBI has not forgotten him.

For about six months, Minister James has been writing a weekly column for a local Negro newspaper, the Birmingham Times. A few weeks ago, after he had written a column on black power, he said, FBI agents tried to convince the publisher of the paper to fire James. When the publisher refused, the FBI went to the advertisers. Advertisers were shocked that the paper employed a Muslim, and James is out of a job.

James thinks people are scared of the Muslims because they don't understand what the movement is all about, "They think we're going to start & war," he said, "but one of the Muslim rules is that we don't carry weapons."

Once a week Muslim Brothers attend a Fruit of Islam class, but far from preparing men to fight a war, James said, these classes teach the brothers to "be themselves, stop arguing and bickering, work hard, and save their money." The Muslims' stand on integration, James said, has been deliberately misunderstood by "middle-class Negroes and liberal-minded whites who are bent on exploiting our people." If complete integration were ever achieved, he reasons, many of these whites would beout of work "because there wouldn't be a need for the do-nothing organizations that are led and controlled by whites and white-minded Negroes." Most followers of Islam would probably say the same thing. But Minister James adds a few thoughts of his own to the Muslim creed. Muslims don't vote because they say there is no real choice between two look-alike parties, but James has a passion for practical politics. "You got to hand it to the man." James says of Governor George C. Wallace, "he's smart. And look at all the money he has in that campaign. Where does he get all that?" Of President Johnson, James admits, "I admire the man, he's a real politician." And of gubernatorial candidate Carl Robinson, "he's too sincere, really. People don't get elected in this country on sincerity." James blamed the divisionam ong civil rights groups on two things. "Personal ambition is what turns groups against each other. Personal ambition and the press." One of Minister James' strong convictions is that white writers have too much to say about Negroes, "The white press has blown up the issue of black power until it's gotten out of hand, Those words need to be clearly defined," He also holds writers responsible for the bad reputation of Muslims. Like Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. and many other Negro leaders, Minister James says Negroes need unity more than anything else. He called marching and riots "senseless," because they add to bitterness in the South against Southern Negroes. Instead of marching or rioting, James said, Negroes have to face reality. Besides unity, they need "economic stability." They should boycott stores to get better jobs, and Negroes who have money should build factories and department stores and hire Negroes to work in them. The way it is now, James added, "people in the North are rioting, but it's the people in the South who are catching hell for it,"



are two rows of chairs for the ladies, The pulpit is about two feet high and covered by an old carpet, Beside it are two old chairs that look as if they'd be very uncomfortable to sit on.

On the wall are two blackboards. One blackboard has a picture of the American flag with "Christianity" written under it and a picture of the Muslim flag with "Islam" written under it. Beneath the two flags is written, "Which one will survive the war?"

Under this question are a picture of a tree with a Negro hanging from it, and a cross. On the other blackboard is written the subject for the evening: "Open Your Mind."

"Open your mind" is what Minister James Shabazz says all Negroes must do before they become Black Muslims and accept Islam as their true religion. Minister James is short and wears square-rimmed glasses. He is 40 years old and has been the leader of Birmingham's Black Muslims for the last five and a half years.

Most Muslims replace their last names with X since they say their names were passed on to them by slaveholders before the Civil War. But Minister James took the name Shabazz, which stands for "prophet,"

Ten years ago, Minister James was a radio and television technician in Atlanta. He had been in and out of jail on minor charges. He had never heard of Islam or of the Black Muslim leader, Elijah Muhammad. Even when a friend told him about the religion of Islam, he didn't think he was interested. The way he tells it, it was the FBI that made him take the final step and become a Muslim. "I fought Islam within my mind because it made me look foolish," Minister James recalls. "Everything I had been taught, according to the Messenger (Muhammad), was wrong."

Later, after he had been to some of



JAMES AT CIVIL RIGHTS RALLY



MINISTER JAMES SAYS NEGROES NEED MONEY AND UNITY.

And it's smaller than it used to be,

Before the bombing of the 16th Street

Baptist Church in 1963, Minister James

said, the Muslim movement in Birming-

ham had about 130 members. But after

Yet, this little group -- and groups

Two years ago in June, Minister

James and one of his Muslim Brothers

drove to Tuscaloosa to sit in on a civil

rights rally there. As they walked in

the door, a newspaper reporter recog-

had come to add the endorsement of

Muslims to the civil rights cause.

"Muslims!" the cry spread through the

crowd, "Muslims!" Next thing James

knew he was in jail. He said he was held

there over the weekend without charges.

ies about similar incidents. His dri-

Minister James has a stock of stor-

like it in the North and South -- fright-

Elijah Muhammad, who lives in Chicago and is the leader of the Muslim movement. Muslims try to draw other Negroes away from Christianity, which they consider the white man's religion designed to keep the Negro a slave. the bombing, people got scared. Muslims also try to rid their communities of "vices which contribute toour early deaths," according to Minister ens many white people. James, Muslims don't smoke or drink. They don't eat certain foods, such as

swine, that they consider unbealthy. They fast once a month for 72 hours. The Muslim movement tries tobring

money into the Negro community. As nized Minister James and asked if he much as possible, Muslims spend their money among themselves. In some cities, like Chicago, the Muslim movement owns businesses. All over the country, Muslims try not to trade in the establishments of white men.

Muslims favor some of the things that Negro civil rights groups fight for. The "Muslim Program" calls for an imver's license was taken away, he says, mediate end to police brutality and mob because he is a Muslim, Policemen

MALCOLM X WAS MURDERED SHORTLY AFTER HE BROKE AWAY FROM MUSLIM LEADER ELIJAH MUHAMMAD. BUT MALCOLM'S WORDS LIVE ON.



ELIJAH MUHAMMAD, WHO RULES THE BLACK MUSLIMSFROM HIS CHICAGO MOSQUE, IS BELIEVED BY THEM TO BE GOD'S MESSENGER ON EARTH.

Letter Blasts All Quiet in Race for Attorney General Dem. Ticket

SELMA -- A flery letter put out by the Dallas County Independent Free Voters Organization has condemned nearly all the nominees on the Democratic ticket as "racist and segregationist candidates."

The free voters organization asked all Dallas County ministers to read the letter to their congregations.

The letter said the voters organization was still "in greatshock and pain" League had endorsed the straight Dem-Wallace on down.

sheriff's race, the write-in campaignthe name of James L, Braswell for tax George C. Wallace when the office belair, a Negro, is the Democratic nomi-

BY ROBIN REISIG

TUSCALOOSA -- "The biggest legal problem in Alabama right now is Governor George C. Wallace's anti-guidelines bill. It should never have been



PICKET LINE

throughout the campaign. And his Demhas been even quieter, Infact, Gallion-before, under Governor John Patterson--has hardly campaigned at all.

Wallace's anti-guidelines law is the "most unconstitutional bill that's ever been passed in the history of the South." Collins charged last Tuesday, "It's a political farce, an absolute fraud and



THE GAME OF THE YEAR !! **Booker T. Washington High School** VS.







ocratic opponent, MacDonald Gallion, qualified to combat crime because of fights on hard-core pornography," he his ten years' experience as a trial said. who served as attorney general once lawyer and his 12 years in the state legislature.

> "My record in the legislature indicates that I have introduced and have been successful in passing bills to make penalties more severe for assaults on

Collins said he is the candidate best women and children, and it shows my

The second issue in the campaign is the "partisan issue," Collins said. "My opponent cannot say that he's an Alabama Democrat, because he was Lyndon Johnson's campaign manager in Alabama."

Collins said that the civil rights trials of Eugene Thomas and Thomas Coleman were "mishandled." Attorney General Richmond M. Flowers "should have stayed out of Lowndes County and let the local district attorney handle it," he said. "The local district attorney would have been closer to the feelings of the people."



PAGE SIX

WJLD Radio Top 14 Hits

8. WHAT BECOMES OF A BROKEN L KNOCK ON WOOD--Eddle Floyd (Stax) HEART--Jimmy Ruffin (Soul) 2. DON'T BE A DROPOUT ---9. YOU KEEP ME HANGIN' ON --Supremes (Motown) James Brown (King) 3. LOVE IS A HURTIN' THING --10. HYMN NO. 5--The Mighty Hannibal (Josei) Lou Rawls (Capitol) II. I'M READY FOR LOVE --4. WHISPERS--Martha & the Vandellas (Gordy) Jackie Wilson (Brunswick) 12, DON'T ANSWER THE DOOR --5. TOO MANY TEARDROPS ---Joe Simon (Snd. Stage) B. B. King (ABC) 13.1 WANNA BE WITH YOU ---6. IT TEARS ME UP--Percy Sledge (Atlantic) D. D. Warwick (Mercury) 7. IF I HAD A HAMMER--14. REACH OUT I'LL BE THERE--Willie Hightower (Fury) Four Tops (Motown) SEND \$1.00 FOR EACH 45 RPM--NO C.O.D.

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Game of the Week **A&M Tops State in College Clash**

BY ALONZO CHANEY

BIRMINGHAM--The Alabama A & M Bulldogs downed the Alabama State Hornets 36 to 19 last Saturday in college football's Magic City Classic.

At first the teams seemed evenly matched, but then Onree Jackson passed to Maurice Coleman for a 29-yard touchdown that tilted the match for A & M, 6 to 0.

In the second quarter, A & M's defense was red-hot, Melvin Hines of the Huntsville Bulldogs blocked a State

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touchdown. Joe Haugabrook scored the two-point conversion with a right-end sweep.

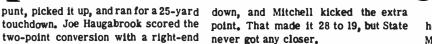
The Hornets struck back after they recovered a fumble on A & M's 36yard line. After a series of short plays, Charles Mitchell passed to Jerry Allen for the score.

But Bulldog quarterback Jackson was on target all afternoon. He tossed a 50yard pass to Thomas Jones for one TD. Then he connected on two consecutive 35-yard passes, before scoring on a two-yard run. Haugabrook passed to Terry Batesfor theextra point, making the score 28 to 6 at halftime. In the third period, State started to come alive. After eight plays, the Hornets scored on a five-yard run by cola, Fla., 20 to 13. Willie Wilkinson, but the extra point failed,

Still fired up, State's Harry Scott intercepted a pass and returned it to A & M's 33-yard line. Then Johnny Pleasant ran 33 yards for the touch-

Alabama Christian

The weekly meeting will be held at 7 p.m. Monday, Nov. 7, at the Galilee Baptist Church, 1013 N. 23 St., the Rev. R. H. Thompkin, pastor. This is the kick-off for 1967. Speaker will be the Rev. F. L. Shuttlesworth.



A & M ended the scoring with a 17yard pass from Haugabrook to Jones. Haugabrook passed to Coleman for the extra points.

A & M has now won its last seven games against State.

Mobile Teams Win BY JOHN C. DIAMANTE

MOBILE -- Football fans cheered two of their favorite high school teams to homecoming victories here last Saturday. Mobile Central High's Wildcats downed Carver of New Orleans, La., 34 to 24, and Toulminville's Rattlers defeated Booker T. Washington of Pensa-

The full day's activities started in the morning with a parade of marching bands that circled the northern part of the city.

Then, in an afternoon struggle in Prichard Stadium, Toulminville upped its record to 4 and 3 by putting down the

A pass from Jerome Bettis to Percy

With four seconds left in the half, however, Bettis passed 53 yards to John Morisette in the end zone, and the score stood 13 to 13 at intermission.

It stood that way until the final period, when the Rattlers scored the winning TD on a 21-yard run by Morisette.

Saturday night, 2,858 spectators watched Central High run its record to 6 and 1 at Hartwell Field. Resounding encouragement from Miss Homecoming, Joyce Knight, and her court brought the team to its senses after the visitors took a six-point lead in the first quarter.

Central scored on a 36-yard dash by William Hives; a 16-yard pass to James Lewis; a 23-yard run by Lewis; a 50yard pass to Ernest Taylor; and a sixyard charge by Taylor.

NAACP Meets In Montgomery

Roger Wilkins, nephew of NAACP

life memberships--in the NAACP, "A to have to work harder and give more."

